Cleveland State University EngagedScholarship@CSU

All Bulletins (1904-present)

Law School Bulletin

1942

1942-1943 John Marshall School of Law

John Marshall School of Law

Follow this and additional works at: https://engagedscholarship.csuohio.edu/lawpublications_bulletin How does access to this work benefit you? Let us know!

Recommended Citation

John Marshall School of Law, "1942-1943 John Marshall School of Law" (1942). *All Bulletins (1904-present)*. 32. https://engagedscholarship.csuohio.edu/lawpublications_bulletin/32

This Book is brought to you for free and open access by the Law School Bulletin at EngagedScholarship@CSU. It has been accepted for inclusion in All Bulletins (1904-present) by an authorized administrator of EngagedScholarship@CSU. For more information, please contact library.es@csuohio.edu.



The John Marshall School of Taw

1942-1943

Second Floor The Hippodrome Building Cleveland

The John Marshall School of Law

(AN ORGANIZATION NOT FOR PROFIT)

Member League of Ohio Law Schools

1942-1943

27th YEAR BEGINS SEPTEMBER 17th, 1942

SECOND FLOOR THE HIPPODROME BUILDING

CLEVELAND

MAin 4372

SCHOLASTIC YEAR 1942-1943

SEPTEMBER	I OCTOBER	I NOVEMBER
SMTWTFS	OCTOBER SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS
	1 2 3	
6 7 8 9 10 11 12		8 9 10 11 12 13 14
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	11 12 13 14 15 16 17	15 16 17 18 19 20 21
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	18 19 20 21 22 23 24	22 23 24 25 26 27 28
27 28 29 30	25 26 27 28 29 30 31	29 30
DECEMBER	JANUARY	FEBRUARY
	SMTWTFS	
	1 2	
	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	
	10 11 12 13 14 15 16	
	17 18 19 20 21 22 23	and the second se
	24 25 26 27 28 29 30	
	31	
		MAY
SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS
SMTWTFS 1 2 3 4 5 6	SMTWTFS 123	SMTWTFS 1
SMTWTFS 123456 78910111213	S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 910	S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	S M T W T F S 	S M T W T F S
S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22
S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	S M T W T F S 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	S M T W T F S 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29
S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	S M T W T F S 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	S M T W T F S 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 JUNE	S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 JULY	S M T W T F S
S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 JUNE S M T W T F S	S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 JULY S M T W T F S	S M T W T F S
S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 JUNE S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5	S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 JULY S M T W T F S 1 2 3	S M T W T F S
S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 JUNE S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 JUNE S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 JUNE S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm S} \ {\rm M} \ {\rm T} \ {\rm W} \ {\rm T} \ {\rm F} \ {\rm S} \\ {\scriptstyle$
$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{S} \ \mathbf{M} \ \mathbf{T} \ \mathbf{W} \ \mathbf{T} \ \mathbf{F} \ \mathbf{S} \\ \ 1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5 \ 6 \\ 7 \ 8 \ 9 \ 10 \ 11 \ 12 \ 13 \\ 14 \ 15 \ 16 \ 17 \ 18 \ 19 \ 20 \\ 21 \ 22 \ 23 \ 24 \ 25 \ 26 \ 27 \\ 28 \ 29 \ 30 \ 31 \ \ \\ \ \ \ \\ \ \ \ \\ JUNE \\ \mathbf{S} \ \mathbf{M} \ \mathbf{T} \ \mathbf{W} \ \mathbf{T} \ \mathbf{F} \ \mathbf{S} \\ \ 1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5 \\ 6 \ 7 \ 8 \ 9 \ 10 \ 11 \ 12 \\ 13 \ 14 \ 15 \ 16 \ 17 \ 18 \ 19 \\ 20 \ 21 \ 22 \ 23 \ 24 \ 25 \ 26 \\ 27 \ 28 \ 29 \ 30 \ \ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

FIRST SEMESTER

September 1-September 19	Registration
September 17-18, 6 P.M	Classes Begin
	inclusive Thanksgiving Recess
December 24-January 3, in	clusiveChristmas Vacation

SECOND SEMESTER

February	1Second Semester Begins
February	22Washington's Birthday
June 4	

Page Two

OFFICERS OF ADMINISTRATION

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

JUDGE JAMES B. RUHL, B.S., M.S., LL.B., LL.D., Chairman Edwin E. Miller, A.B., LL.B., LL.M., Vice-Chairman David C. Meck, Jr., A.B., LL.B., Secretary Stanley S. Meck, A.B., M.D., LL.B. MAYOR FRANK J. LAUSCHE, LL.B., LL.M.

BOARD OF ADVISORS

Judge James C. Connell Judge David Ralph Hertz Judge Julius M. Kovachy Howard A. Couse John C. Barkley Anthony R. Fiorette Norman B. Miller Mary K. Ryan Sarah Q. Benham Eugene S. Lindemann

DAVID C. MECK, JR., Dean of the Faculty

FACULTY

HON. JAMES B. RUHL, B.S., M.S., LL.B., LL.D. (Former Judge of the Common Pleas Court, President and Chairman of the Board of Trustees) Common Law Pleading

> EDWIN E. MILLER, A.B., LL.B., LL.M. (Member of Miller, Davis and Folk) Evidence, Wills and Administration of Estates

HON. CARL V. WEYGANDT, Ph.B., LL.B., D.C.L., LL.D. (Chief Justice, Ohio Supreme Court) Special Lecturer on Reviewing Court Procedure

> HON. FRANK J. LAUSCHE, LL.B., LL.M. (Mayor of the City of Cleveland) Equity

> Howard A. Couse, A.B., LL.B. (Author and Member of Cleveland Bar) Trusts

DAVID C. MECK, JR., A.B., LL.B. (Division of Social Protection, Federal Security Agency) Contracts, Suretyship

> JOHN C. BARKLEY, A.B., A.M., LL.B., LL.M. (Member of Henderson, Quail and Barkley) Negotiable Instruments, Public Utilities

EUGENE S. LINDEMANN, A.B., LL.B., LL.M. (Chief Counsel, Union Bank of Commerce) Personal Property, Real Property, Mortgages

Page Four

THE JOHN MARSHALL SCHOOL OF LAW

FACULTY

HON. DAVID RALPH HERTZ, A.B., LL.B. (Former Judge of Common Pleas Court) Equity, Suretyship

WILLIAM A. TERRALL, A.B., LL.B. (Manager, Estates Tax Dept., Cleveland Trust Co.) Taxation

> Hon. JAMES C. CONNELL, LL.B. (Judge of Common Pleas Court) Criminal Law and Procedure

ANTHONY R. FIORETTE, B.S., LL.B. (Of the Cleveland Bar) Domestic Relations, Criminal Law, Damages, Administrative Law

> JOSEPH H. CROWLEY, A.B., LL.B., LL.M. (Chief Counsel, City of Cleveland) Municipal Corporations

ARTHUR A. MILLER, A.B., LL.B. (Member of Miller, Daus and Schwenger) Torts, Legal Research and Briefing, Labor Law

CHARLES A. ROGERS, LL.B., LL.M., D.C.L. (Member of Cleveland Bar) Taxation

HON. EMERICH B. FREED, A.B., LL.B. (Judge, U. S. District Court) Federal Practice and Procedure

FACULTY

GEORGE V. WOODLING, B.S.E.E., LL.B., E.E. (Member of Woodling and Krost) Patents, Trademarks, Copyrights

> SAMUEL D. KATZ, A.B., J.D. (Of the Cleveland Bar) Trusts, Business Organizations

BARTLETT C. SHEPHERD, Ph.D., LL.B. (Of the Cleveland Bar) Legal History, Code Pleading

Howard D. BURNETT, LL.B. (Of the Cleveland Bar) Real Property, Personal Property

CAPT. CHARLES W. STEADMAN, A.B., LL.B. (Ordnance Dept., U. S. Army) Contracts

RUFUS S. DAY, JR., A.B., LL.B. (Of McAfee, Grossman, Hanning and Newcomer) Constitutional Law

> NORMAN B. MILLER, A.B., LL.B. (Of the Cleveland Bar) Agency, Conflict of Laws

CHARLES AUERBACH, A.B., LL.B. (Of the Cleveland Bar) Legal Ethics, Civil Procedure

ALBERT A. WOLDMAN, A.B., LL.B. (Assistant Director of Law) Constitutional Law

DONALD S. CARMICHAEL, A.B., LL.B. (Of the Cleveland Bar) Constitutional Law

Page Six

THE JOHN MARSHALL SCHOOL OF LAW

GENERAL INFORMATION

The John Marshall School of Law is operated not for profit and is designed to meet the requirements of students, who through choice or necessity, seek a legal education by attending evening classes.

Its general purposes are to maintain and conduct an institution in which persons are taught the principles of the law and are prepared for admission to practice the profession of law in the courts of Ohio and of other states and in the courts of the United States.

The school is a member of the League of Ohio Law Schools, which has for its purpose the elevation of the standards of legal education and which includes in its membership both day and evening law schools in the state of Ohio.

The members of the faculty are either judges or seasoned lawyers who have had extended teaching experience.

Small classes aid in developing close personal relations between student and teacher that constitute one of the most valuable factors of law school training.

The case method of instruction in vogue in most day schools has been adapted so as to serve the best interests of serious-minded students.

THE LAW AS A VOCATION

No one should take up the study of law until after mature consideration and adequate preparation. Only those persons who are seriously determined to complete the entire four-year course with creditable scholastic records are desired as students. Success comes even to those of ability only after hard years of apprenticeship. There is a general assumption that the profession of the law is over-crowded. On the other hand, the field of activity for those with proper training in the law is constantly expanding.

The complexities of our present civilization and business structure give rise to new and perplexing problems. There is an opportunity for practice before an increasing number of state and federal quasi-judicial agencies, boards and commissions. These same governmental instrumentalities also employ a great many lawyers. In business, finance, and industry, lawyers are taking the lead as executives. Large corporations with their law departments offer attractive opportunities for the specialist. Success in the law, as in everything else, depends upon thorough preparation, integrity, industry and perseverance.

THE LAW AS TRAINING FOR BUSINESS

A comprehensive knowledge of the law is of great value to men employed in banks, trust companies, stock, bond, and investment houses, the legal departments of insurance companies and credit rating agencies, and in the collection and financial departments of large corporations. The Night Law School affords these men opportunity to acquire this knowledge without the loss of time from regular employment. While it is advisable that these students take the full course as outlined in the curriculum, yet arrangements may be made with the Dean to take a single subject or a special program to meet particular needs.

HISTORY

In 1916 a number of prominent attorneys of Cleveland, desirous of raising the general standard of legal education, and feeling the need in the community of a school of law that should be rigidly thorough and at the same time entirely practical in its teaching, formed an association to realize their ideals.

The founders' plans were of an unusually broad and liberal character and anticipated in surprising degree the wide and distinctive service now rendered by the institution which they founded and which carries the name of the nation's greatest juristic genius, John Marshall. The new institution opened its doors on September 20, 1916, and so immediate was the response it received and so eminently successful were the results of its first year's instruction, that at the close of the year in May, 1917, it became affiliated with Ohio Northern University.

After six years of the most cordial relations with the university, The John Marshall School of Law was authorized to confer degrees in its own name.

LOCATION

The John Marshall School of Law is located on the second floor of the Hippodrome Building at 720 Euclid Avenue, where it occupies light and airy quarters, adequately arranged and equipped for class room purposes. The school is situated in the heart of the downtown business section, readily accessible by automobile, street car, and bus.

No city in the country affords better facilities for legal study than Cleveland. Here sit the District Court of the United States; the Appellate Court of Ohio; the Common Pleas Court; the Probate Court of Cuyahoga County; the Cleveland Municipal Court, and the Juvenile Court of Cuyahoga County.

Page Eight

THE JOHN MARSHALL SCHOOL OF LAW

THE LAW LIBRARY

The John Marshall School of Law has an excellent law library. Here the student has access to the Ohio State Reports and Digests, Ohio Court of Appeals Reports, the United States Reports and Digests, Corpus Juris, the Ohio Statutes, Ohio Jurisprudence, American Digest, Ohio Opinions, Ohio Reports, Ohio Law Abstract, American Jurisprudence, Law Reviews of the leading law schools in the country, leading digests, treatises, and textbooks, including the Restatement of the Law of the American Law Institute as available.

The Cleveland Law Library Association (Court House) has made provision for law-student membership in the Association, subject to nominal dues, for a period of years. Such membership makes available to the student one of the largest and finest collections of law literature in America. Communications should be addressed to the Librarian.

Adequate library facilities are a prime essential to the student of law.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION

The school is open to both men and women of good moral character.

Regular Students. Applicants for admission as regular students, candidates for a degree, must present credentials showing satisfactory completion of at least two years study (60 credit hours) at an approved college, in compliance with the rules of the Supreme Court of Ohio. (See appendix).

Advanced Standing. Students in good standing from law schools, approved by the American Bar Association or the League of Ohio Law Schools, may be admitted to advance standing upon producing credentials showing that they have satisfactorily pursued a course of legal study equivalent to that required in this school for the period preceding the date when such students are admitted, and not otherwise. At least one full year of work will be required in residence at The John Marshall School of Law to entitle any such student to a degree. No credit will be given for instruction received by private tuition or by correspondence.

Special Students. A limited number of applicants may be admitted as Special students upon presenting satisfactory evidence of sufficient education to enable them to pursue legal study to their advantage. Such students will be subject to the same rules and regulations as regular students and to the same charges. A Special student who completes the full course will be entitled to a certificate to that effect. The Bachelor of Laws degree will be conferred only on those Special students who display unusual scholastic ability.

Early registration is advisable, and all students are required to register in person at the school office, second floor of the Hippodrome Building. The office is open for consultation and registration throughout the day during the summer months from 11:00 A.M. to 6:00 P.M., and beginning August 17th from 10:00 A.M. to 6:00 P.M., or later by appointment.

Correspondence, or preferably a personal interview with the Dean, prior to registration, is invited. Telephone MAin 4372.

REGISTRATION WITH THE OHIO SUPREME COURT

An applicant for admission to the school who contemplates the practice of law in Ohio must, at the commencement of his legal studies, forward to the Ohio Supreme Court a formal declaration of his intention to begin the study of law, an official college transcript of record evidencing the completion of at least two years of pre-legal work (60 hours of credit) or a certificate of graduation from an approved college, a fully executed questionnaire furnished by the Supreme Court, and the Court registration fee of \$6.00. For the convenience of the student appropriate blanks are available at the School Office. Students are urged to complete their registration with the Supreme Court promptly upon admission to the school.

HOURS OF INSTRUCTION

All classes meet between the hours of 6:00 P.M. and 9:00 P.M.

Freshmen: Tuesdays and Thursdays Sophomores: Tuesdays and Thursdays Juniors: Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays Seniors: Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays

THE JOHN MARSHALL SCHOOL OF LAW

ATTENDANCE, EXAMINATIONS, GRADES, AND DISMISSAL OF STUDENTS

Students are required to attend classes with substantial regularity. Attendance upon less than 80% of the total sessions of any course will be deemed cause for withholding credit for that course, except by special permission of the instructor in charge.

Written examinations in all subjects are conducted at the close of each course.

Although 65% is the passing grade, a student must attain an average of 70% in all subjects taken during the year to remain in good standing. A grade of 60-64 is a condition and must be removed by further study and re-examination the following year or it will be treated as a failure. A grade below 60 is a failure, and the course must be repeated for credit.

Each student must maintain a yearly average of 70%. Any student who fails to attain this average will be automatically dropped from the rolls, and will not be reinstated except by special action of the faculty.

METHOD OF INSTRUCTION

For the most part use is made of the case method of instruction as developed and perfected in all of the better law schools in the country.

The instruction is designed not only to fix in the memory the great fundamental principles of law, but to stimulate mental energy and to develop power in the analysis of selected cases.

While particular attention is paid to the law of Ohio, yet the course is designed to train students in the principles of the common law and equity, and to prepare them for the practice of law not only in Ohio, but also in any other jurisdiction.

DEGREES AND HONORS

Candidates of good character who shall have pursued the full four years' course, complied with the rules and requirements of the school and passed the examinations to the satisfaction of the Faculty and the Board of Trustees shall be entitled to receive the degree of Bachelor of Laws.

HONOR DEGREES. A regular student who, on the basis of 100, shall have received an average grade throughout the course of

92 will be granted a degree summa cum laude; a student who shall have received an average grade throughout the course of 871/2 will be granted a degree magna cum laude; a student who shall have received an average grade throughout the course of 85 will be granted a degree cum laude.

CERTIFICATE OF LAW STUDY

Special students, not eligible for a degree, who complete the prescribed course of study in a manner satisfactory to the Faculty and the Board of Trustees will be awarded a Certificate of Law Study.

FEES

Matriculation Fee: (Payable only on first registration)-\$5.00.

Library Fee: (Payable each year in advance)-\$2.50.

Special Examination Fee: (Payable for each examination taken other than those regularly scheduled)-\$2.00.

Graduation Fee: \$10.00.

TUITION

Freshmen and Sophomores: Annual-\$145.00.

Juniors and Seniors: Annual-\$165.00.

Tuition is payable quarterly, in advance, in accordance with the following schedule:

First Quarter-On or before close of registration.

Second Quarter-On or before Dec. 15, 1942.

Third Quarter-On or before Feb. 15, 1943.

Fourth Quarter-On or before May 15, 1943.

No discounts for early payment will be allowed. Students who are in arrears will not be permitted to attend classes or take examinations.

COURSES OF INSTRUCTION

FIRST YEAR

Contracts

81 Hours

60.00

The nature, formation, operation and discharge of contractual obligations, including a detailed examination of offer and acceptance, the Statute of Frauds, consideration, capacity of parties, fraud, mistake, duress, undue influence, legality of object, contracts

Page Twelve

THE JOHN, MARSHALL SCHOOL OF LAW tudy

for the benefit of third parties, assignments, and interpretation of contracts.

Williston's Cases on Contracts (4th Edition). MR. MECK OF MR. STEADMAN.

Criminal Law

Nature of crime; defenses, combinations of persons in crime; the study of specific crimes, and procedure.

Mikell's Cases on Criminal Law; Anderson's Ohio Criminal Code. 5,00

MR. CONNELL OF MR. FIORETTE.

Agency

Torts

54 Hours

54 Hours

42150

12:50

Methods of creating the relationship of principal and agent: rights and duties of principal and agent; rights of third persons; ratification; undisclosed principal, termination of agency.

Magill and Hamilton's Cases, Vol. I. MR. NORMAN B. MILLER.

SECOND YEAR

Domestic Relations

Husband and wife, parent and child, guardian and ward, infancy, insanity, the illegitimate child, marriage and divorce.

McCurdy's Cases on Domestic Relations.

MR. FIORETTE.

81 Hours

27 Hours

The study of the types of conduct which result in civil liability for damages, the extent of, and the harms within such liability, the rules of common and statute law applicable thereto, and the underlving social principles; trespasses, nuisance, conversion, defamation, negligence, libel, slander, fraud and deceit, and malicious prosecution.

6.00 Bohlen and Harper Cases on Torts. MR. A. A. MILLER.

Personal Property

The distinction between real and personal property, acquisition and ownership, suits to recover property, possessory titles, liens, pledges, bailments, accession, confusion, and gifts.

Robert's Cases on Personal Property. 5,50 MR. LINDEMANN OR MR. BURNETT.

27 Hours

36 Hours

Common Law Pleading Forms of action-trespass, replevin, detinue, ejectment, trover, covenant, account, debt, assumpsit; the declaration, demurrer, pleas in bar, pleas in abatement.

McBaine's Cases on Common Law Pleading, 2nd Edition. JUDGE RUHL.

THE JOHN MARSHALL SCHOOL OF LAW

Real Property

72 Hours

6.00

The historical background of the law of real property, estates, leaseholds, future interests, reversions, remainders, executory interests, co-ownership, dower, fixtures, rights incident to ownership of real property, boundaries, streams, percolating and surface waters, easements, covenants running with the land, restrictions enforceable in equity, conveyancing, adverse possession, prescription, covenants for title, estoppel by deed, personal disabilities,

notice, priority, and recording; and mortgages. TEXT: Walsh on Real Property. MR. LINDEMANN OF MB. BURNETT. West Web THIRD YEAR Property Vol 2

Negotiable Instruments

The Uniform Negotiable Instruments Act and cases interpreting the same, including formal requisites, negotiation and discharge of negotiable instruments, the rights and liabilities of all parties thereto, acceptance, presentment for acceptance and acceptance and payment for honor of bills of exchange; also, an investigation of the Law Merchant insofar as it applies to cases not provided for in the Uniform Negotiable Instruments Act.

TEXT: The Negotiable Instruments Code.

REFERENCE WORK: Brannan's Negotiable Instrument Law, 5th Edition.

MR. BARKLEY.

Public Utilities

27 Hours

Duties and obligations of persons engaged in public callings; rate-making; public regulation.

Robinson's Cases, Second Edition. MR. BARKLEY.

Equity

63 Hours

A study of the origin and development of equity jurisdiction, including equitable relief against torts, specific performance of contracts, equitable relief against fraud and mistake, miscellaneous equitable remedies, enforcement of equitable decrees.

McClintock's Cases on Equity Jurisprudence. 6 West Luch Cu Judge Herrz. on Equity Xound to the Cu

Wills

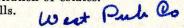
54 Hours

The history of wills, the distinction between gifts causa mortis and gifts by will, form of wills, agreements to make wills, nuncupative, holographic and conditional wills, joint mutual and reciprocal wills, testamentary capacity, the rule against perpetuities, mistake, fraud and undue influence, execution, revocation, republication of wills, construction, general, specific and demonstrative legacies. the abatement and ademption of gifts, legacies charged on the land,

Page Fourteen

payment of debts and the effect of insolvency on the will, descent and distribution and administration of estates. 5.00

TEXT: Atkinson on Wills. MR. EDWIN E. MILLER.



Suretyship

36 Hours

63 Hours

The distinction between suretyship, guaranty and indemnity, the requisites, construction and obligations arising out of the contract of suretyship, the surety's defenses and the surety's rights to exoneration, indemnity, subrogation and contribution.

Arant's Cases on Suretyship, Second Edition.

MR. MECK OF JUDGE HERTZ.

Business Organizations

Municipal Corporations

(Partnership, Private Corporations, and Common Law Trusts.) The leading principles of the law of partnership both at common law and under the Uniform Partnership Acts; limited partnerships, partnership associations, the joint stock company, and the use of the common law business trust.

The law of private corporations-their promotion, de facto corporations, ultra vires acts, liability for torts and crimes, the rights and liabilities of officers, stockholders, and creditors, and the reorganization of corporations. The legal principles governing partnerships, common law business trusts, and private corporations are compared in this course.

Ballantine and Lattin's Cases on Corporations; Ohio Code. MR. KATZ.

36 Hours

Nature, origin, and history; creation, control, and powers; corporate agencies, and officers; acquisition, holding, and alienation of property; liability for injury to person or property; revenue; indebtedness.

Seasongood's Cases on Municipal Corporations. MR. CROWLEY.

FOURTH YEAR

54 Hours

63 Hours

Civil Practice and Procedure Pleading and practice in the courts of Ohio.

Throckmorton's Cases on Code Pleading. 5. 50 MR. AUERBACH.

Evidence

A survey of the rules of evidence. Direct and circumstantial evidence: the hearsay rule and its exceptions; use of documents, best evidence and parol evidence rule; expert testimony; the examination, impeachment, and competency of witnesses; functions of court and jury, judicial notice, presumptions, burden of proof.

McCormick's Cases on Evidence. MR. EDWIN E. MILLER.

Page Fifteen

THE JOHN MARSHALL SCHOOL OF LAW

Constitutional Law

72 Hours

The course in Constitutional Law embraces a study of Ohio and Federal Constitutions, as interpreted by the court, including a case study of the subjects of interstate commerce, taxation, equal protection of the laws, impairment of contracts, due process of law, police power, and eminent domain.

Evans Cases on Constitutional Law, Fourth Edition. MR. CARMICHAEL or MR. DAY.

Trusts

54 Hours

Their nature, creation, and elements; language and formalities necessary to the creation of a trust; resulting and constructive trusts; interests in trust property, and interests of trustees.

Scott's Cases on Trusts, Third Edition.

MR. COUSE OF MR. KATZ.

Conflict of Laws

54 Hours

A study of rules of private law pertaining to relations which contain foreign elements, with particular reference to jurisdiction of courts, foreign judgments, workman's compensation acts, contracts, mortgages, business organizations, and administration of estates.

Cheatham, Dowling, Goodrich and Griswold's Cases and Materials on Conflict of Laws, 2nd Edition. 7

MR. NORMAN B. MILLER.

Damages

18 Hours

A discussion of the principles governing the law of damages with particular reference to their application to torts and contracts.

Bauer's Cases on Damages. Mr. FIORETTE.

Administrative Law

45 Hours

A study of constitutional problems affecting the creation and functioning of administrative tribunals, judicial review of administrative action.

Gellhorn's Cases and Comments.

MR. FIORETTE.

Legal Ethics

9 Hours

A discussion of the ethical principles involved in the relation of the attorney to the Court, to his client and to the community; solicitation of business; proper conduct in court; keeping within the record; the attorney in his office; scope of attorney's authority; the attorney's oath of office.

"Canons of Professional Ethics", and selected cases. Mr. AUERBACH.

Page Sixteen

In addition to the above courses which comprise the requirements for the LL.B. degree, The John Marshall School of Law offers courses in Appellate Court Procedure, Quasi-Contracts, Legal History, Federal Practice and Procedure, Bankruptcy, Patent Law, Brief Making, Labor Law and Federal Taxation.

THE JOHN MARSHALL ALUMNI ASSOCIATION

The John Marshall Alumni Association was organized and incorporated to promote the social, professional and civic welfare of its members; and to support and foster the high scholarship and ethical standards of the school. The annual meeting is held on the occasion of the commencement in June.

Its officers are James C. Connell, President, John B. Osmun, Vice-President, and Helen E. McGuire Schulke, Secretary-Treasurer.

The Executive Committee of the Association is composed of its officers and the following:

Albert Z. Baker (1922) Jules A. Eshner (1923) Robert H. Kaplan (1922) Edward F. Meyers (1929) Dorothy B. Persky (1931)

STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS

Two legal fraternities, Delta Theta Phi, and Lambda Delta Beta, and a legal sorority, Kappa Beta Pi, maintain active chapters in the school. While these organizations are social in their nature, they endeavor to sustain high scholastic standards among their members.

COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES REPRESENTED: 44

Adelbert Akron University Baldwin-Wallace Carnegie Tech Case School of Applied Science **Cleveland** College Colgate University College of the City of New York Toledo Columbia University Dayton University Fenn Flora Stone Mather Georgetown University Harvard Hiram Howard University John Carroll University Kent State Lincoln Miami Northwestern University Notre Dame Oberlin

Ohio Northern University Ohio State University Ohio University Ohio Wesleyan University Princeton Syracuse **Tennessee University** University of California at -Los Angeles University of Denver University of Michigan University of Minnesota University of Vienna University of Wisconsin Vanderbilt Washington and Jefferson West Virginia Wesleyan Western Reserve University Wittenberg Xavier Yale University

Page Eighteen

THE JOHN MARSHALL SCHOOL OF LAW

ROSTER OF STUDENTS

1941-1942

FRESHMEN

BANKS, LAURETTA, Western Reserve University, B.S Cleveland
CORCORAN, HERBERT M., John Carroll University,
A.BCleveland
DICKEY, ROOSEVELT S., Adelbert College, A.B., M.SCleveland
ELSNER, JOHN STEWART, University of Michigan,
B.S.ECleveland
FEIGENBAUM, MORDECHAI, Ohio State University, B.A Cleveland
HAAG, DAVID RCleveland
HAAS, RALPH R., Western Reserve UniversityCleveland
HOLZHEIMER, HARRY H., Fenn College, B.B.ACleveland
HUTTON, DAVID JOSEPH, Carnegie Tech., B.S Bay Village, Ohio
ISON, MARJORIE, Western Reserve University, B.S Cleveland
KASSAY, LOUISCleveland
KROCK, EDWARD, John Carroll University, Ph.BCleveland
LAW, JOHN, Ohio State UniversityBerea, Ohio
LAWLER, JOHN F., Case School of Applied Science,
B.S. in M.ELakewood
LYNCH, TERRENCE P., Dayton UniversityCleveland
MAHONEY, JR., JOHN PATRICK, University of Notre
Dame
MASSING, HARRY L., Ohio State UniversityCleveland
McKNIGHT, JR., HARRY GRIBBEN, Wittenberg CollegeCleveland
MERRIFIELD, WILLIAM FINDLEY, Princeton University,
B.ACleveland
MOORE, FRANK C., Oberlin College, B.A Cleveland
MUCHA, FRED J., University of Michigan, B.SCleveland
MUDRI, JOHN E., John Carroll UniversityCleveland
PARKER, VICTOR ALLEN, John Carroll University Cleveland
POHLA, ERIK D., Miami University, A.BCleveland
PRECARIO, ANTHONY M., John Carroll University, B.S Cleveland
REED, ELTON DEWITT, Howard UniversityCleveland
SAWYER, GEORGE PASCAL, Yale University,
A.B
SEIGEL, DAVID, Cleveland CollegeCleveland SPRINGBORN, ANITA, Flora Stone Mather College, A.BCleveland
WALTER, ANNA LOUISE, Notre Dame College,
DC :- M

Page Nineteen

SOPHOMORES

ARNOLD, WM. G., Washington & Jefferson
College, B.SCleveland Heights
BATCHELDER, CHARLES L., University of Minnesota,
B. of Met. ECleveland
Bellamy, Earle J., Oberlin CollegeBerea, Ohio
BROWNLEE, WYATT, Tennessee UniversityCleveland
BUCK, JR., G. B., University of Denver,
B.S., Ch.ECleveland Heights
CARMODY, JANE, Western Reserve University,
B.SPainesville, Ohio
COCHRANE, JR., WILLIAM, Akron UniversityAkron, Ohio
DILLON, JAMES E., Miami UniversityCleveland
DIRENFELD, BERNARD B., Fenn CollegeCleveland
FELLER, KATHERINE C., Flora Stone Mather,
B.AEast Cleveland
GALE, JAMES HLakewood
GARTNER, ROGER W., Ohio State University, B.B.A Lakewood
GLEASON, EDWARD E., Syracuse & Cleveland CollegeCleveland
GUTHERY, GEORGE E., Colgate University, A.BLakewood
HALSTED, ROBERT E., University of Michigan,
A.B., M.B.AEast Cleveland HIRSCH, IRA H., John Carroll UniversityCleveland
JACKLITZ, KENNETH F., Case School of Applied
Science
KIRBY, NANCY, Notre Dame College, B.AEast Cleveland
KLEINMAN, BENNET, Fenn College, B.B.ACleveland
McGIFFIN, JR., NORTON, University of Michigan &
Fenn CollegeEast Cleveland
PAPP, JR., JOHN E., John Carroll UniversityCleveland
SCHILDER, JOSEPH H., Northwestern University,
B.SShaker Heights, Ohio
SCHUTTENBERG, LINCOLN C., Fenn CollegeCleveland
SCOTT, JAMES A., Lincoln University, A.BCleveland
SHERIDAN, WILLIAM H., Hiram College, B.A., & Western Reserve University, M.S.S.ACleveland
SWINEHART, CHARLES H., Kent State CollegeCleveland
WALLACH, SEVERIN, University of Vienna Law School,
Doctor of LawsCleveland
WHYTE, DONALD R., Princeton University, A.BCleveland
WOOTEN, PRESTON R., University of Denver, A.BCleveland

Page Twenty

THE JOHN MARSHALL SCHOOL OF LAW

JUNIORS

BURSKY, IRVING, John Carroll & Ohio State
UniversityCleveland
CASEY, P. J., Xavier UniversityCleveland
FIOCCO, ANTHONY J., John Carroll University Cleveland Heights
GAINES, ROBERT W., Miami University, A.B Brecksville, Ohio
GEBHARDT, BRUCE, Ohio State University,
B.ScCleveland Heights
GILMORE, EDWARD J., Case School of Applied Science,
B.S. in M.ECleveland
GREENE, RALPH V., Cleveland College
HACKETT, LEROY E., Fenn CollegeCleveland
HADD, RAY, W. Va. Wesleyan College, A.BCleveland
HAMPTON, JR., L. G., Vanderbilt University, B.ACleveland
HUNT, CARLCleveland
KOTECKI, EDWARD R., Ohio State University, A.B Cleveland
MANNING, KATHERINE, Western Reserve University,
B.A., M.ALakewood
-MAXWELL, JOHN L., Ohio Wesleyan University, B.ACleveland
MILLER, W. S. TYLER, Harvard UniversityCleveland
OBERT, WALTER E., Oberlin College, A.BCleveland
PESUIT, DAN G., Baldwin-Wallace College, B.ACleveland
SYDENSTRICKER, CLARENCE V., Baldwin-Wallace
College, A.BLakewood
TARCAI, VIOLET J., Ohio State UniversityCleveland
THOMAS, NED W., John Carroll & Western Reserve
UniversityCleveland

SENIORS

BECKS, GEORGE B., Western Reserve
UniversityBay Village, Ohio
BELKIN, LOUIS S., Western Reserve University
B.A., M.ACleveland Heights
BRUCKER, DORIS, Cleveland College
CARNEY, JOHN J., John Carroll UniversityCleveland
CHAPEK, LOUIS F., Ohio Northern UniversityCleveland
CONWAY, M. VINCENT, Cleveland CollegeCleveland
DALISIO, QUINDIE, Ohio University, B.ACleveland
DAVIS, D'ARNOLD, U.C.L.A. & Ohio State
University, B.ACleveland Heights
HUGHES, ALICE H., Oberlin CollegeCleveland

Page Twenty-one

KOZAK, HENRY, Case School of Applied Science......Cleveland KRANEK, STEPHEN R., Cleveland College.....Cleveland KUHN, KARL W., Ohio State & Cleveland College.....Cleveland LAMBERTON, GEORGE A., University of Toledo,

TARCAI, ELSIE R., Ohio State University, B. S..... Cleveland

THE JOHN MARSHALL SCHOOL OF LAW

APPENDIX

The Supreme Court of Ohio

RULE XIV

ADMISSION TO THE BAR.

SECTION 1. Except as provided in Section 1703, General Code, concerning persons who have been admitted and practiced in the highest court of another state, or in the Supreme Court of the United States, for a period of five years, no person shall be admitted to the bar except upon an examination and certificate of the *Bar Examining Committee*.

SECTION 2. There shall be appointed, to take effect on the first day of January, 1901, ten discreet and judicious attorneys and counselors-atlaw to be known as the *Bar Examining Committee*. Two members of the committee shall be appointed for one year, two for two years, two for three years, two for four years, and two for five years. Their successors shall be appointed for a term of five years each. (As amended April 15, 1937.)

SECTION 3. Two examinations of applicants for admission to the Bar shall be held each year in the City of Columbus, Ohio, one beginning at 9:00 o'clock A. M. on the first Wednesday after the first Tuesday in January, and the other beginning at 9:00 o'clock A. M. on the last Tuesday in June. Each examination shall continue during the total period of three days and shall be divided into six half-day sessions. No other examinations will be held. Examinations must be conducted under the direction of the Committee. (As amended February 10, 1938.)

Each examiner shall grade the papers of the applicants in the subjects in which he has submitted questions and forward his report to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, who shall cause the grades to be tabulated. (This paragraph adopted November 17, 1925.)

SECTION 3a. No applicant shall be admitted unless he has sustained on his written answers to the questions of the examiners an average grade of 75 per cent on an examination embracing the following subjects:-

The law of real and personal property, torts, contracts, evidence, pleading, partnership, negotiable instruments, agency, suretyship, domestic relations, wills, private corporations, municipal corporations, trusts, conflict of laws, equity, criminal law, constitutional law, and professional ethics. (As amended January 23, 1940.)

SECTION 3b. None but citizens of the United States will be admitted to the examination and every applicant must be twenty-one years of age. The printed interrogatories and the answers of applicants thereto shall be submitted to the Court with the report of the examiners, and, together with all certificates and papers required under this rule, shall be filed with the Clerk and preserved. (As amended July 5, 1921.)

SECTION 4. REQUIREMENTS AS TO GENERAL LEARNING.

Each applicant for registration as a law student must present a certificate of general learning with his certificate that he has begun the study of law. Such certificate of general learning shall meet the following requirements:

- A. If filed between the 15th day of October, 1926, and the 15th day of October, 1927, it shall show that the applicant has successfully completed one year of study in an approved college, to be evidenced by the signature of the proper official thereof.
- B. On and after October 15, 1927, it shall show that the applicant has successfully completed two years of study in an approved college, to be evidenced by the signature of the proper official thereof.
- C. It shall further show-
 - (1) That the requirements for admission to the college issuing the same are at least 15 units of high school credits and that the applicant satisfied said requirements.
 - (2) The period of the applicants attendance.
 - (3) The number of college credits which shall be not less than 30 semester hours, or 45 quarter hours, for each year of study in an approved college.
- D. Applicants who register or apply for examination under the provisions of sections 7 or 8 of this rule shall be required to file certificates of general learning as provided in paragraphs "A", "B" and "C" hereof, at the time of such registration or application. (Paragraphs A to D, inclusive, adopted January 14, 1926.)
- E. All credentials presented under this rule must be submitted to the Court and if the Court is satisfied that the applicant has the educational qualifications required he will be admitted to registration. All credentials presented shall be filed with the Clerk.
- F. The Clerk of this Court is authorized to accept certificates which clearly meet the requirements of this section.
- G. Diplomas should not be presented. Certificates which may be retained permanently are desired. They should be upon the official stationery of the college or university in which the applicant carried on the study required. (Paragraphs E, F and G, adopted May 22, 1923.)
- H. Within the meaning of this section universities, colleges and junior colleges accredited by the following accrediting associations are approved: American Council On Education, Association of American Universities, Middle States Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, New England Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, Northwest Association of Secondary and Higher Schools, Southern Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools. Other universities and colleges heretofore or hereafter approved by special order of Court are approved schools within the meaning of this section. (As amended January 23, 1940.)
- I. Members of the Ohio Association of Colleges are "approved colleges". A Junior College or school of full-time or part time study, where instruction is given covering only the first two years of ordinary collegiate work, is an "approved college", if i complies with the following requirements:

Page Twenty-four

THE JOHN MARSHALL SCHOOL OF LAW

- (1) It must be a non-commercial enterprise, conducted by an institution of recognized responsibility and standing.
- (2) It must offer instruction only in courses of study of collegiate grade.
- (3) It must compute the credit hours, whether semester or quarter hours, on a basis equivalent to the number of hours of classroom instruction required by the standard of the Ohio Association of Colleges, for each such hour of credit.
- (4) It must possess at least one full-time administrative officer.
- (5) Its recognition as an "approved college" shall not be made contingent upon any requirement of form or endowment, nor upon any prescribed number of full-time instructors, nor upon the circumstance that instruction be given, wholly or partly, in the evening. (Par. I adopted November 19, 1929.)
- J. Certificates of general learning meeting the requirements of Section 4 as the same existed immediately prior to the adoption of this amendment will be accepted for registration until October 15, 1926.
- K. Applicants who registered prior to June 7, 1923, who have not yet filed certificates of general learning, may qualify in that respect by filing a certificate meeting the requirements of Section 4, as the same existed immediately prior to the adoption of this amendment. (Pars. J and K adopted January 14, 1926.)

SECTION 5. The Court will not receive applications for waiver of the requirements mentioned in Section 4. (Adopted January 14, 1926.)

SECTION 6. REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS.

- A. Every resident of the state who commences the study of law on and after June 1, 1934, at a law school located in this state or elsewhere, shall file with the Clerk of the Supreme Court his application for registration as a candidate for admission to the bar. Such application shall be accompanied by a certificate of the chief officer of his law school, showing that the applicant has commenced the study of law therein; by answers in duplicate to a questionnaire executed by him under oath upon a form prescribed by the Court; and by the registration fee of six dollars. If such application is filed subsequent to the first term of the applicant's attendance in law school it shall also be accompanied by an affidavit giving sufficient reason for such delay. (As amended March 15, 1934, January 31, 1939, and May 29, 1941.)
- B. Upon the filing of such application and questionnaire one copy of the questionnaire shall be referred by the Clerk to a committee to be designated by the local bar association or associations as hereinafter provided, in the county where such candidate claims permanent residence.
- C. Such committee, so designated by the local bar association or associations, shall proceed to investigate the character, reputation and moral qualifications of each candidate whose questionnaire is submitted to it and shall obtain answers to questionnaires from three citizens of the county, not related to the applicant, at least one of whom shall not be a member of the bar, and from two members of the said local bar association committee who have personally investigated the candidate's qualifications, such questionnaires from the members and citizens to be in the form prescribed by the Supreme Court of Ohio.

Page Twenty-five

THE JOHN MARSHALL SCHOOL OF LAW

- D. The Supreme Court shall determine from the report of the local bar association committee and from the questionnaires filed by said committee and the candidate and from such other information as may be available, whether the candidate shall be accepted for registration, and shall notify the candidate whether his application for registration has been accepted or rejected. As to such persons as are accepted for registration the period required for the study of law by the rules of this Court shall date from the filing of the application of such candidate.
- E. The president of each local bar association, or if there be more than one, then the presidents of such local bar associations, shall appoint a Committee on Applicants for Admission to the Bar, which Committee shall consist of three or more members of each county, as the Court shall from time to time determine, and the members thereof shall serve without compensation. Upon the original appointment one-third of said members shall be appointed for one year, one-third for two years, and one-third for three years and their successors thereafter appointed for a term of three years each. Said Committee on Applicants for Admission to the Bar shall be charged with the duty of passing upon the character, reputation and moral qualifications of candidates for registration in accordance with the rules from time to time prescribed by the Supreme Court. Said Committees in their examination of the candidate shall employ the questionnaires hereinbefore prescribed and shall report to the Clerk of the Supreme Court the result of their investigation and their recommendations as to the acceptance or rejection of such candidates as registered law students. (Adopted March 15, 1934.)
- F. Before any application for registration shall be filed such person shall present to the Clerk of this Court satisfactory evidence of general educational attainments as required by Section 4 of this rule. (As amended May 22, 1923.)
- G. On and after September 1, 1935, no applications for registration will be received from applicants studying law under tutorage of attorneys. (As amended June 14, 1935.)

SECTION 7. Every person who shall commence the study of law while a non-resident of this state, and who has not been regularly admitted as an attorney-at-law in some court of record within the United States, shall, at least one year before admission to an examination, file with the Clerk, an affidavit showing that he has come into the state for the purpose of making it his permanent residence, and stating his name, age, present and former residence; the certificate of the chief officer of his law school, showing the periods of his law study; an official transcript of his law college work; certificate of his general education as required by Section 4 of this rule; questionnaire in duplicate as required by Section 6 of this rule; and registration fee of three dollars. (As amended January 31, 1939.)

The one year's residence in this state required of such persons by Section 1701, General Code, shall date from the filing of such papers. (As amended March 15, 1934.)

SECTION 8. Every person entitled to be admitted to the examination under Section 1702, General Code, on the ground that he has been regularly admitted as an attorney and counselor at law in some court of record within the United States, shall, not less than ninety days before the time fixed for the examination, file with the Clerk the following credentials:

Page Twenty-six

a. An affidavit showing that he is a citizen of the United States and that he is a resident of this state or that he has come into the state for the purpose of making it his permanent residence, and stating his name, age and former and present residence.

b. His certificate of admission to the bar.

c. The certificate of a judge of the court of record in which he has practiced law, showing the time such judge has personally known him, the period of time he has practiced law and his moral and professional standing at such bar.

d. Certificate of his preceptor or the law school which he attended, showing the period of his study of law, which certification shall show compliance with the standard of law study prescribed in Section 10 of this Rule.

e. Certificate of general learning as required by Section 4 of this rule.

f. Answers in duplicate to a questionnaire upon a form prescribed by this Court.

g. A fee of \$21.00 shall accompany the application. (As amended March 15, 1934.)

SECTION 9. Repealed May 22, 1923.

SECTION 10. APPLICATION FOR EXAMINATION.

Every person who desires to have his name enrolled for examination, except as provided in Section 8 hereof, must file application not less than ninety days before the time fixed for the examination, which application shall contain:

- A. The affidavit of the applicant, stating his name, age, residence and post office address; that he is a citizen of the United States and has resided in the State of Ohio for the year last past, and that he has read the Canons of Professional Ethics adopted by the Ohio State Bar Association, and has faithfully endeavored to make himself acquainted with the same and will endeavor to conform his professional conduct thereto.
- B. The certificate of the law school which the applicant attended or the affidavit of the preceptor under whom the applicant has studied law, as provided in either Paragraphs C, D, or E, hereof.
- C. A certificate showing that the applicant has regularly and attentively studied law for the period of three school years, in a law school where instruction is given during the day time and in which the entire time of the student is devoted to the study of legal subjects, whose standing is approved by the Court.
- D. A certificate showing that the applicant has regularly and attentively studied law for the period of four school years, in a law school where the entire time of the student is not devoted to the study of legal subjects, whose standing is approved by the Court.
- E. An affidavit by a practicing attorney that the applicant has regularly and attentively studied law for the period of four calendar years under the supervision of such attorney prior to September 1, 1939, during which period such attorney gave to said applicant not less than two hundred hours per year of actual legal instruction. In the case of the death of the applicant's preceptor, or if

Page Twenty-seven

for any reason satisfactory to the Court, the affidavit of such preceptor cannot be obtained, the affidavit of the applicant and that of some other attorney-at-law who has personal knowledge of the length of time the applicant has been engaged in the study of law, may be presented. No certificate showing study of law under supervision of a preceptor subsequent to September 1, 1939, shall be accepted. (As amended January 31, 1939.)

F. The certificates and affidavits mentioned in Paragraphs C, D and E shall show that the applicant is a person of good moral character and has sufficient knowledge and ability to discharge the duties of an Attorney and Counselor at law; and as to all such applicants, excepting those who have received an LL.B. degree from a law school whose standing is approved by the Council of Legal Education of the American Bar Association, said certificates and affidavits mentioned in Paragraphs C, D and E shall further show that the applicant has completed a course of study in all the subjects enumerated in Section 3a of this Rule.

The periods of law study required by Paragraphs C, D and E shall apply to all examinations held after January 15, 1924. (As amended November 29, 1928.)

G. On and after July 1, 1939, the certificate provided for in Paragraphs C and D must be accompanied by either (a) a certificate from a law school "approved" by the American Bar Association certifying that the applicant has received the LLB. degree granted under present requirements therefor or other degree of similar significance, of like present requirements, from said school; or (b) a certificate from an Ohio law school that meets the requirements for membership in the League of Ohio Law Schools, certifying that the applicant has received the LLB. degree granted under present requirements therefor or such similar certificate as the law school ordinarily awards to a student who successfully completes the work in that school.

The provisions of Paragraph G shall not apply to any person who has completed his registration as a candidate for admission to the bar and began the study of law prior to September 1, 1935, and who shall apply for examination prior to September 1, 1939.

An applicant from a law school outside Ohio not on the list of law schools approved by the American Bar Association may be admitted to the bar examination on certificate of the Secretary of the League of Ohio Law Schools that such law school, from which such applicant applies, maintains standards equal to those maintained by the League of Ohio Law Schools. The cost of investigating such a school, where that is necessary, shall be estimated by the Secretary of the League of Ohio Law Schools and be paid in advance by the applicant. (As amended June 14, 1935.)

H. Each applicant for examination shall file with his application a questionnaire, in duplicate, on a form prescribed by the Court, one copy of which questionnaire, together with the questionnaire and reports filed under the provisions of Section 6 of this rule, shall be forwarded by the Clerk to the local Committee on Applicants for Admission to the Bar. Said Committee shall make a further investigation of the character and moral fitness of the applicant and report its finding and recommendation to the Clerk of this Court not less than two weeks prior to the date of examination. Said Committee shall file a separate report as to each applicant, recommending that his application be accepted or

Page Twenty-eight

rejected and the Supreme Court shall determine from said report, the questionnaires submitted and from such other information as may be available, whether the application shall be accepted or rejected.

When an application for examination has been rejected because of an adverse report as to character and moral fitness, any further application presented by such applicant shall be accompanied by a report from the local Bar Applicant Committee recommending the applicant as to character and moral fitness. (Paragraph H adopted April 29, 1937.)

SECTION 11. No certificate, affidavit, or other paper produced in conformity with this rule shall be deemed conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated, and in all cases the court must be satisfied of the truth thereof before the applicant shall be admitted to examination.

SECTION 12. Each application for examination shall be accompanied by an examination fee, as follows: First examination, twenty dollars; second examination, twenty dollars; third examination, twenty-five dollars; and fourth examination, twenty-five dollars. Such fee will be returned to the applicant if his name is not placed on the examination roll. If an applicant, on examination, be rejected, he may apply for admission to the next examination. An application for re-examination shall be filed ninety days prior to the date of such re-examination; and fifteen days prior to the examination the applicant shall file his affidavit showing that he has diligently pursued the study of law from the date he received notice of failure until the date of such affidavit. No one shall be admitted to more than four examinations. (As amended January 31, 1939.)

SECTION 13. After the expiration of the thirtieth day before the examination the court will examine the papers filed by the applicant, and cause him to be notified whether he will be admitted to the examination unconditionally, or subject to the production of a supplemental certificate of additional study, when that may be necessary, and if so admitted, will cause his name to be placed on the examination roll.

SECTION 14. The Bar Examining Committee may, subject to the approval of the court, make rules not inconsistent herewith, for the conduct of the examinations, which, together with this rule, shall be published in pamphlet form for distribution by the Committee. (As amended April 29, 1937.)

SECTION 15. The applicant, upon receiving oath of office, shall sign a roll showing the date of his admission and the place of his residence. The oath administered shall be as follows:

I DO SOLEMNLY SWEAR:

I will support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Ohio;

I will maintain the respect due to courts of justice and judicial officers;

I will not counsel or maintain any suit or proceeding which shall appear to me to be unjust, nor any defense except such as I believe to be honestly debatable under the law of the land;

I will employ for the purpose of maintaining the causes confided to me such means only as are consistent with truth and honor, and will never seek to mislead the judge or jury by any artifice or false statement of fact or law;

I will maintain the confidence and preserve inviolate the secrets of my client, and will accept no compensation in connection with his business except from him or with his knowledge and approval;

I will abstain from all offensive personality, and advance no fact prejudicial to the honor or reputation of a party or witness, unless required by the justice of the cause with which I am charged;

I will never reject, from any consideration personal to myself, the cause of the defenseless or oppressed, or delay any man's cause for lucre or malice. SO HELP ME GOD. (Clerk's Note: This form of oath was adopted January 25, 1910. It is the form recommended by the American Bar Association.)

SECTION 16. The Clerk shall enter the date of the filing of all papers under this rule, with a pertinent description of the same, in a record provided for that purpose, and shall enter all sums received under this rule in a cash book, showing the date, from whom and for what received, and shall pay the same out upon the order of the Chief Justice in payment of the expenses of the examination, and for no other purpose. That is to say: costs of necessary printing and stationery; necessary janitor or messenger service; necessary thall rent, postage and express charges and other necessary expenses; to each member of the Bar Examining Committee his necessary traveling expenses actually incurred in the work of the Committee and such compensation as the Court may from time to time determine; to the Clerk \$1.00 for each certificate of admission or duplicate certificate of admission issued by him and also \$1.00 for each certificate of registration filed by him under this rule. \$1.00 will be charged for each duplicate certificate.

If the funds are not sufficient, such pro rata distribution shall be made as the funds will warrant. (As amended March 15, 1934. Effective June 1, 1934.)

SECTION 16a. The Clerk is authorized to pay to the National Conference of Bar Examiners the sum of \$25.00 for each character investigation and report made by said association under the provisions of Section 20 of this rule. (Adopted April 29, 1937.)

SECTION 17. Repealed, January 31, 1939.

SECTION 18. Repealed.

SECTION 19. Certificates of study given by schools known as correspondence law schools or by lawyers without the state, certifying that the applicant has studied under their supervision within the State of Ohio, do not satisfy the Ohio statute and the rules respecting study ordered by the Supreme Court of Ohio, and such certificates will not be filed or in any way recognized.

Page Thirty

THE JOHN MARSHALL SCHOOL OF LAW

ADMISSION WITHOUT EXAMINATION

SECTION 20. An applicant for admission to the Bar of Ohio without examination, under Section 1703, General Code, must file with the Clerk the following credentials:

1. Certificate of admission as an attorney and counsellor-at-law in the highest Court of another state, upon a regular examination, after three (3) years study of law, preceded by a general education equal to the requirements prescribed by this Court for applicants for admission to the Bar examination in this state in effect at the date of such admission, which general education, law study and examination must be shown either by a certificate of the facts or by a requirement thereof in the statute of such state. Provided, that if such applicant shall submit proof of ten years of active practice of law this amendment of the rule shall not apply. (As amended March 16, 1932.)

2. Certificate from the Judge of the Court of Record in which the applicant practiced that he is of good moral character and that he has been an active practitioner in good and regular standing in the courts of such state or in the Supreme Court of the United States for a period of not less than five years immediately preceding his removal to the State of Ohio. This certificate must be authenticated by the Clerk of Courts under seal.

3. Certificate of good moral character, and recommendation from some attorney-at-law of this state, that the applicant be admitted to the Bar of Ohio.

4. The affidavit of the applicant that he is a citizen of the United States, and that he is a resident of this state, or has come into the state for the purpose of making it his permanent residence.

5. An application and questionnaire, in duplicate, for character investigation and report by the National Conference of Bar Examiners, upon a form prescribed by the Court.

6. A fee of \$50.00 must accompany the application, no part of which will be refunded if the application be rejected. (Sections 5 and 6 adopted April 29, 1937.)

RULE RELATING TO FOREIGN ATTORNEYS

SECTION 21. Attorneys-at-law residing without the State of Ohio, not members of the bar of this state, who have been retained in any case assigned for oral argument, may be heard therein upon being presented to the Court by a member of the Bar of Ohio.

Columbus, Ohio.

SEBA H. MILLER,

Clerk of the Supreme Court of Ohio.

Page Thirty-One

