

Cleveland State University

EngagedScholarship@CSU

---

All Bulletins (1904-present)

Law School Bulletin

---

1933

## 1933-1934 Cleveland Law School

Cleveland Law School

Follow this and additional works at: [https://engagedscholarship.csuohio.edu/lawpublications\\_bulletin](https://engagedscholarship.csuohio.edu/lawpublications_bulletin)

How does access to this work benefit you? Let us know!

---

### Recommended Citation

Cleveland Law School, "1933-1934 Cleveland Law School" (1933). *All Bulletins (1904-present)*. 42.  
[https://engagedscholarship.csuohio.edu/lawpublications\\_bulletin/42](https://engagedscholarship.csuohio.edu/lawpublications_bulletin/42)

This Book is brought to you for free and open access by the Law School Bulletin at EngagedScholarship@CSU. It has been accepted for inclusion in All Bulletins (1904-present) by an authorized administrator of EngagedScholarship@CSU. For more information, please contact [library.es@csuohio.edu](mailto:library.es@csuohio.edu).



**Thirty-Seventh Annual Announcement**

**The  
Cleveland  
Law School**

**CLEVELAND  
OHIO**



**June 1933**

**1933—1934  
BULLETIN**  
**Issued Annually**



*The  
Cleveland Law School*

*Founded . . 1897*

*Incorporated 1899*



*School Year Commencing  
Monday, September 18, 1933*

---

*Office and Class Rooms  
1336 Engineers' Bldg.  
Cleveland, Ohio*



## Faculty

✓ MELVILLE W. VICKERY, B. S., LL. B., LL. M.  
*Professor of the Law of Partnership and Evidence*

HON. LEE E. SKEEL, LL. B.  
Judge of Court of Common Pleas  
✓ *Professor of Law of Bailments, Sales and Criminal Law*

W. F. MARSTELLER, L. S. S., LL. B.  
*Professor of Elementary Law and the Law of Contracts*

HOWARD D. BURNETT, LL. B.  
*Professor of the Law of Equity and Real Property*

HON. SAMUEL H. SILBERT, LL. B.  
Judge of Court of Common Pleas  
*Professor of the Law of Domestic Relations*

HARRY L. DEIBEL, A. B., LL. B.  
*Professor of Law of Wills, and Law of Trusts*

I. R. MORRIS, LL. B.  
*Professor of Law of Pleading*

CARL A. HOPE, B. S., LL. B.  
*Professor of Law of Damages, Mortgages, and Conflict of Laws*

CHARLES I. RUSSO, LL. B.  
*Professor of Law of Bankruptcy*

✓ ARTHUR E. ROWLEY, Ph. B.  
*Professor of Statutory Law*

FRANK B. KAVANAGH, LL. B., LL. M.  
*Professor of Law of Suretyship and  
Legal Bibliography*

A. ADELBERT STEPHENS, A. B. LL. B.  
*Professor of the Law of Torts and Negotiable Instruments*

✓ HOWELL LEUCK, LL. B.  
*Professor of Moot Court and Briefing*

LEWIS DRUCKER, A. B. LL. B.  
*Professor of the Law of Agency and Constitutional Law*

HARRY A. GILLIS, A. B., LL. B.  
*Professor of the Law of Corporations*

STANLEY L. ORR, A. B., LL. B.  
*Professor of Municipal Corporations*

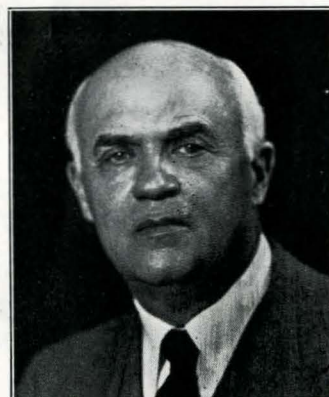




MELVILLE W. VICKERY  
Dean



JUDGE LEE E. SKEEL  
President



JUDGE ARTHUR E. ROWLEY  
Vice-President



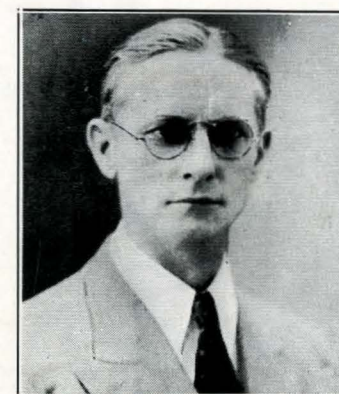
OLGA C. SORENSEN  
Secretary and Registrar



LEWIS DRUCKER



JUDGE SAMUEL SILBERT



HARRY L. DEIBEL



HOWARD D. BURNETT



FRANCIS B. KAVANAGH





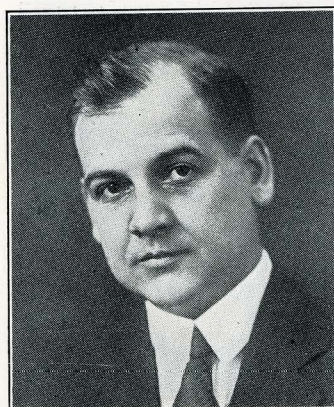
HOWELL LEUCK



I. R. MORRIS



A. A. STEPHENS



STANLEY L. ORR



HARRY A. GILLIS

## THE CLEVELAND LAW SCHOOL

Prior to the year 1897 those who desired to study law but were unable, for one reason or another, to attend the schools maintained by the various colleges and universities, had no place to obtain an education in the law other than in the offices of practicing attorneys. Though that system had in the past developed many great lawyers, it was by that time losing its effectiveness as a system of education for the reason that, in a City like Cleveland, the lawyers no longer had the time to devote to the education of the younger men in their offices.

Certain lawyers then practicing in the city of Cleveland, among them Willis Vickery, Fredrick Howe, Judge Charles Bentley, Clifford Neff and others, realized that such was the case and believed that some opportunity should be afforded to the ambitious young man or woman to study law under the direction of trained instructors.

These men, then, to meet the situation thus presented, formed the Baldwin University Law School which later, in the year 1899, was incorporated under the name of The Cleveland Law School.

The School adopted the plan of giving instruction in the evenings in order that the young men and women who were forced to earn their own way through school would be able to devote their days to their work and still be able to attend the School sessions. It was the first night law school in Ohio and soon became the largest law school in Ohio, and one of the best known and largest in the United States.

At its inception the School adopted the policy of admitting young women as students of law, being the first school in Ohio to do so.

From the date of the foundation Judge Willis Vickery acted as manager, and in later years as Dean of the Law School, to the day of his death.

It has always been its policy to have practicing attorneys as instructors in the School, thus giving to the student the benefit of their experience in the practice of law, making the instruction practical as well as theoretical. These instructors are equal to any in the country, many of them are of state wide, and some of them nation wide prominence. It has not at any time attempted to compete with the day schools but has served as a means of assistance to those students who could not attend day school and has appealed particularly to two classes of men and women:

First, to those who while not desiring to enter the practice of law, still desire a fair and useful knowledge of legal principles as an aid to commercial life.

Second, to the youth of extreme energy, perseverance and industry who must devote his days to labor in some other line but who is willing to sacrifice his pleasure and devote practically all his leisure time in mastering the knowledge necessary to proficiency in the practice of law.

In the years that it has been in operation, The Cleveland Law School, has attracted and graduated many of each of these classes and can well be proud of those graduates; there having been over 2500 men and women graduated from The Cleveland Law School. Many of them have not taken up the practice of law, but are leaders in other walks of life. Many of them have chosen the profession and have almost invariably been successful. They will be found on the Bench and among the leaders of the Bar. At the present time 11 out of 16 Judges of the Municipal Court of Cleveland and 8 out of 15 Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Cuyahoga County are graduates of The Cleveland Law School. The only woman Judge of the United States Custom Court, Miss Genevieve Cline, is a graduate of this School.

It has been one of the prominent factors amongst the educational institutions of Cleveland for over one-third of a Century and has always insisted upon high standards for its students and members of its faculty, among whom are some of the leading lawyers and Judges of the City of Cleveland.





LAW SCHOOL OFFICE

### Advantages

The Cleveland Law School is located in the heart of the city, mid-way between the Federal Court House and the new County Court, and easily accessible by street car or bus from any portion of Cuyahoga or adjoining counties. Our faculty is composed of men all of whom are experienced lawyers, who have been for years active at the trial table or on the bench.

The lectures are given by men particularly fitted for these several branches, and the lessons assigned are such that the ambitious student can spend upon them all the time at his disposal.

We do not profess to make lawyers, but only assist young men and women to make lawyers out of themselves.

### Library Facilities

In September, 1924, a new reading and study room was created and approximately one thousand new volumes added to the school library. Here the student has access to the Ohio State Reports, (of which there are three sets), Ohio Court of Appeals, Ohio Nisi Prius, Ohio Circuit Court Reports, United States Reports, Lawyers' Reports Annotated, American Law Reports, Corpus Juris, and Cyc (two sets), the general Statutes of Ohio and the Digests of same, and numerous text and case books, to supplement the general course of study. The library is free to any student of the school and is at his disposal from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. every day except Saturday after 1 p. m. and on Sunday.

The Cuyahoga County Law Library, one of the finest in the country, is located in the County Court House, just one block north of the School, while the Public Library is just one block east. The former offers special rates for membership to students, while the latter is free.

### Admission to the School

The requirements for graduation from the Law School are the same as those prescribed by the state statutes for admission to the bar, already quoted.

Applicants for admission to the Law School, must have attended a recognized college for a period of two years.

Persons otherwise qualified who present credits from reputable law schools having requirements similar to those of this Law School will be admitted to the advanced standing to which such credits may entitle them, provided such credits do not cover a period of study exceeding three years. Admission to the Bar of Ohio, requires one year's study in the State of Ohio, and graduation from The Cleveland Law School requires at least one year's study in the classes of The Cleveland Law School. Credit will not be given for legal study pursued under the direction of a correspondence school.

### Special Students

Persons, not candidates for a degree, may pursue one or more courses as special students, provided they are qualified to take such courses to advantage. They will receive a certificate for all work done and may enter at any time as candidates for a degree, provided they are substantially qualified under the above requirements for admission as regular students at the time of first entering the school.

### Matriculation

Students are urged to enter at the beginning of the school year.



### Register Early

The first semester begins September 18, 1933. The office, which is located in the Engineers' Building, is open for registration every day, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m., except on Saturday, when it closes at 1 p. m.

### Hours of Lectures

The Lectures for the First and Third year classes are given on Monday and Wednesday evenings.

The Lectures for the Second and Fourth year classes are given on Tuesday and Thursday evenings.

### Lecture Hours

Monday and Wednesday;  
First and Third year.....6 to 9 P. M.  
Tuesday and Thursday;  
Second and Fourth year.....6 to 9 P. M.

This arrangement enables the school to profit by the services of lecturers engaged in practice or in public service, while it gives to students the entire day for study, visiting the libraries, or attending the sessions of the Courts.

The course covers a period of four years, at the end of which time students who have maintained the required standard of scholarship and character are entitled to a certificate admitting them to the state bar examination, and the course of study is such that the diligent student of proper preliminary education ought to have no great difficulty in being admitted to the bar.

A degree of LL. B. is conferred upon those qualified students who have completed the four years' work.

### Attendance

Students are required to be regular in their attendance at the lectures. Irregular attendance results not only in a loss of interest in the study of the law, but in a lowered standard of scholarship. If, therefore, in the judgment of the Faculty, a student, because of his irregular attendance, is not maintaining the required standing, his registration and enrollment in the class will be cancelled. A certificate of regular attendance will be refused unless the requirements of the school are fully met. The student who is present at ninety per cent or more of the lectures throughout the scholastic year will be deemed regular in his attendance.

### Examinations

Class examinations are held at the close of each subject. These examinations are intended to test the thoroughness of the student's work.

An average of 75 per cent. in his grades must be attained to entitle a student to a certificate of attendance.

No special examinations are granted, save in cases of sickness on the day of examination, or for other imperative cause approved by the Dean of the School. In no case will such examination be granted unless prompt application be made therefor. A charge of \$1.00 will be made for each special examination.

### Method of Instruction

The case system of teaching law seems best adapted to the needs of the law school whose students in the main have no occupation other than that of students.

A large majority of our students on the other hand are employed during the day in other lines of industry, and therefore our instructors follow the text-book system, combining with it lectures, and citing cases to be read by those who desire a degree.

The system in vogue is that known as the "Dwight Method" and it consists of lessons from a text-book assigned in advance, recitation from the students, and explanations from the instructor.

### Courses of Instruction

The courses of instruction offered are carefully graded between the four years. A regular student may take any course offered in the year to which he belongs, or any course not already taken in the preceeding year; but he may not take, without special permission, a course assigned to a succeeding year.

### CALENDAR

1933

First lectures	Monday, September 18th.
Christmas recess	Thursday, December 21st, at 9 p. m. to Tuesday, January 2, 1934, at 6 p. m.

1934

Commencement June.	Dates to be determined later.
--------------------	-------------------------------

### OFFICERS

\* \* \* \* \*

President.....	Hon. Lee E. Skeel
Vice President.....	Arthur E. Rowley
Dean and Treasurer.....	Melville W. Vickery
Secretary and Registrar.....	Olga C. Sorensen





JUDGE WILLIS VICKERY  
Founder of The Cleveland Law School

## COURSES FOR DEGREE OF LL. B.

### First Year

- 1 Elementary Law..... Six hours  
Professor William F. Marsteller
- 2 Contracts.....Sixty-six hours  
Offer and acceptance; consideration; contracts under seal; conditions precedent and subsequent; discharge; third party beneficiaries; assignments; illegal contracts; the statute of frauds.  
Text Book: Clark on Contracts 4th Ed. and Throckmorton's Cases on Contracts 2nd Ed.  
Professor William F. Marsteller
- 3 Criminal Law.....Thirty-three hours  
A consideration of the general principles underlying crimes and criminal punishment, with a study of the more important crimes. A study of the administration of the criminal law with a critical analysis of its defects.  
Text Book: Clark and Marshall on Crimes.  
Professor Lee E. Skeel
- 4 Domestic Relations.....Twenty-one hours  
Husband and wife, parent and child, guardian and ward, infancy, insanity, the illegitimate child, marriage and divorce.  
Text Book: Peck on Domestic Relations.  
Professor Samuel Silbert
- 5 Negotiable Instruments.....Thirty hours  
Operative facts of negotiability; legal effect of negotiability-transfer, holders in due course, equities; the contractual element.  
Text Book: Ogden on Negotiable Instruments.  
Professor A. A. Stephens
- 6 Agency.....Thirty hours  
Competency to act as principal or agent; creation of relation; execution and delegation of authority; liability of principal to third persons; ratification; liability of agents to third persons; undisclosed principal; duties and liabilities between principal and agent; termination of the agency relation.  
Text Book: Mechem on Agency.  
Professor Lewis Drucker
- 7 Torts.....Thirty-nine hours  
The law of obligations arising from private wrongs; the law of negligence, personal injuries, libel and slander.  
Text Book: Cooley on Torts.  
Professor A. A. Stephens



## Second Year

- 8 Partnership.....Thirty hours  
Power to impose contract and tort liability before and after dissolution; nature of firm property; cooperative non-partnership associations; marshaling of assets in equity, priorities between firm and individual creditors; extra-judicial settlements of firm obligations; conduct and control of firm business, rights, and duties between partners.  
Text Book: Gilmore on Partnership.  
Professor Melville W. Vickery
- 9 Bailments.....Twenty-seven hours  
Bailment and sale distinguished; discussion of various classes of bailments and the relative degree of care required of bailee; the mutual obligations of bailor and bailee in ordinary bailments and the remedies of each for breach of contract; warehouse receipts; obligation of hotel keepers and inn keepers to guests; and the law applicable to common carriers of goods and passengers, and bills of lading.  
Text Book: Dobie on Bailments.  
Professor Lee E. Skeel
- 10 Real Property.....Forty-eight hours  
This course covers a thorough study of the fundamental principles of real property law, with special reference to tenures, estates, dower and curtesy, landlord and tenant; easements, remainders and executory devises, descent, deeds, adverse possession and eminent domain.  
Text Book: Burdick on Real Property.  
Professor Howard D. Burnett
- 11 Wills and Administration.....Thirty-nine hours  
Nature of a will; capacity to make a will, including insanity, delusions, fraud, undue influence, and mistake; types of wills; execution of wills and competency of witnesses; revocation of wills by subsequent instrument, by physical act and implied from circumstances; dependent relative revocation; descent of property; necessity, effect and jurisdiction of probate, title, and powers of executors and administrators, including payment of debts, legacies and distributive shares.  
Text Book: Gardner on Wills.  
Professor Harry L. Deibel
- 12 Suretyship.....Thirty hours  
Statute of Frauds as applying to contracts of suretyship, guaranty and indemnity; commercial guaranties; defences of alteration, payment, fraud, release, failure to sue principal, Statute of Limitations and exoneration; special types of contracts, private, public, and judicial bonds; rights and remedies of promisor after payment, including subrogation, contribution, and indemnity.  
Text Book: Stearns on Suretyship.  
Professor F. B. Kavanagh

- 25 Conflict of Laws.....Twenty-four hours  
A study of rules of private law pertaining to jural relations which contain one or more foreign elements; more particularly to matters of jurisdiction of courts and foreign judgments, torts and workman's compensation acts, contracts, sales and mortgages, business organizations, family law, and administration of estates.  
Text Book: Goodrich on The Conflict of Laws.  
Professor Carl A. Hope

## Third Year

- .....Six hours
- 14 Constitutional Law.....Twenty-seven hours  
Covering the history of the making of our Federal Constitution; the distribution of Governmental powers; political and personal rights; the construction of the Constitution, and a detailed consideration of the leading principles of constitutional law as developed in the leading decisions.  
Text Book: Black on Constitutional Law.  
Professor Lewis Drucker
- 15 Pleading.....Thirty-nine hours  
Union of law and equity, equitable defenses; code cause of action, theory of case, severance, joinder, amendment, recent changes; parties, real party in interest, joinder, recent charges; statement of facts, petition, answer; demurrers.  
Text Book: Phillips on Pleading.  
Professor I. R. Morris
- 16 Evidence.....Thirty-six hours  
A general and careful survey of the rules of evidence covering the functions of court and jury, burden of proof, admissibility, admissions and confessions, use of documents, presumptions, capacity to testify, expert testimony, best evidence, circumstantial evidence, hearsay, application of rules to both civil and criminal trials, cross-examination, impeachment of the evidence.  
Text Book: McKelvey on Evidence.  
Professor Melville W. Vickery
- 17 Corporations.....Thirty-six hours  
A consideration of the characteristics of private corporations, their formation, powers, liabilities, and dissolution; directors; stockholders, their rights and liabilities; rights of creditors against the corporation, its officers, stockholders, assignees, etc.  
Text Book: Clarke on Corporations.  
Professor Harry A. Gillis
- 18 Equity.....Thirty hours  
Equitable and legal rights distinguished; equitable jurisdiction and remedies; specific performance of contracts and prevention of wrongs and the reformation and rescission of contracts; equitable maxims and rules.  
Text Book: Eaton on Equity.  
Professor Howard D. Burnett



## Second Year

- 8 Partnership.....Thirty hours  
Power to impose contract and tort liability before and after dissolution; nature of firm property; cooperative non-partnership associations; marshaling of assets in equity, priorities between firm and individual creditors; extra-judicial settlements of firm obligations; conduct and control of firm business, rights, and duties between partners.

Text Book: Gilmore on Partnership.

History of bankruptcy law; jurisdiction of courts of bankruptcy; voluntary and involuntary bankrupts; who may become bankrupts and who may file bankruptcy petitions; acts of bankruptcy; receivers and trustees in bankruptcy, their selection, powers and duties; rights and duties of creditors of bankrupt estates; offenses against the bankruptcy act and provision for their punishment; procedure in administering bankrupt estates; compositions in bankruptcy; exemptions; discharge of bankrupt,—when granted or denied.

Text Book: To be selected.

Professor Charles I. Russo

## Fourth Year

- 21 Legal Research and the use of Law Sources.....Twenty-four hours  
This is a study of the analytical method of the use of law sources. A study of the organization and use of digests, encyclopedias, statutes, reported cases, and text books; preparation of research briefs. This course is preparatory for Brief making and Moot Court.

Text Book: Law Books and Their Use.

Professor F. B. Kavanagh

- 22 Moot Court and Briefing.....Twenty-four hours  
Preparation of pleadings, arguments, and trials on hypothetical states of fact, members of the class acting as parties, attorneys, witnesses, jurors, and court officials.  
Jurisdiction of courts. Procedure in the trial of a case from the service of summons to the judgment of the trial court.

Professor Howell Leuck

- 23 Trusts.....Twenty-four hours  
Their nature, creation, and elements; resulting and constructive trusts; rights and liabilities of parties.

Text Book: Bogart on Trusts.

Professor Harry L. Deibel

- 24 Municipal Corporations.....Twenty-four hours  
Covering the subject of public corporations, municipal corporations, municipal charters and ordinances, regulation of public utilities, police powers.  
Character, origin and history; creation and control; corporate agencies; officers; legislation; powers; contracts; property; revenue; indebtedness; liability.

Text Book: Elliott on Municipal Corporations, 3rd Ed.

Professor Stanley L. Orr

- 25 Conflict of Laws.....Twenty-four hours  
A study of rules of private law pertaining to jural relations which contain one or more foreign elements; more particularly to matters of jurisdiction of courts and foreign judgments, torts and workman's compensation acts, contracts, sales and mortgages, business organizations, family law, and administration of estates.

Text Book: Goodrich on The Conflict of Laws.

Professor Carl A. Hope

- 26 Legal Ethics.....Six hours  
The nature of a profession; pecuniary limitations, advertising, solicitation, fees; lawyers' oath; ethical duties of lawyers to society, to courts, to clients, to litigants; ethics of employment.

Hon. Paul Howland

- 27 Review and Quiz in the following subjects to begin on March 1st.

Contracts	Wills
Criminal Law	Suretyship
Domestic Relations	Sales
Negotiable Instruments	Constitutional Law
Agency	Pleading
Torts	Evidence
Partnership	Corporations
Bailments	Equity
Real Property	Legal Ethics

- 28 Final Examinations in the above subjects

May 21, 22, 23, 24, 25.

- 29 Review of Statutes.....Three hours

Professor Arthur E. Rowley



## MASTERS DEGREE

For the purpose of encouraging further study of the law, after graduation, the board of Trustees of The Cleveland Law School have provided for conferring degree of Master of Law on it's own graduates and those of other Institutions who have acquired degree of Bachelor of Law.

### Requirements.

A year's resident study resulting in a satisfactory completion of the following course.

A reading and examination on Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes, Common Law.

A reading and examination on either Austin or Holland's Jurisprudence.

A reading and examination on Wheaton's International Law.

A study of comparative Constitutional Law.

Lectures and examination in Federal Jurisdiction and Procedure.

Lectures, study and examination in the law of Bankruptcy.

The writing of a thesis by each candidate for a Masters Degree upon some legal subject, to be approved by the Board of Trustees. Such thesis to be filed with The Cleveland Law School.

Upon the satisfactory completion of the above course, the above degree will be conferred.

The charge for such degree will be \$125.00 and \$10.00 for a diploma. The fees to be paid semi-annually in advance.

## HONORS AND PRIZES

1. *Honor Degrees.* Six honor degrees are conferred upon students having the highest grades in the final examinations for graduation.

In the class of 1933 these degrees were awarded to the following students:

SUMMA CUM LAUDE  
Kathryne E. Mullinnix

MAGNA CUM LAUDE  
Clarion G. Medert  
Bertha B. Bolasny

CUM LAUDE  
Wilbur J. Brown  
Laurence W. Harry  
George G. McClelland

2. *The Callaghan Prize.* This prize is awarded by Messrs. Callaghan & Co., of Chicago, to the student having the highest average grade at the end of the second year, and consists of the Cyclopedia Law Dictionary. This prize was awarded in June, 1933, to

CHARLES F. REBETA

3. *The Faculty Prize.* A prize of Fifty Dollars, the gift of the Faculty of the Law School, is awarded the student of the graduating class who has the best record in scholarship for the entire course. This prize is an order upon The Banks-Baldwin Law Publishing Company for books, to the amount of \$50.00.

In June, 1933, this prize was awarded to  
CLARION G. MEDERT

4. *The Banks-Baldwin Law Publishing Company Prize.* Gates Ohio Corporation Manual with Supplement awarded by The Banks-Baldwin Law Publishing Company of Cleveland and New York to the student of the graduating class having highest grade in final examinations.

In June, 1933, this prize was awarded to  
KATHRYNE E. MULLINNIX

5. *The W. Howard Haynes Prize.* DeWitt's Mechanic's Liens: To the student in the graduating class having the highest average grade in the final examinations.

In June, 1933, this prize was awarded to  
KATHRYNE E. MULLINNIX

6. *The Banks-Baldwin Law Publishing Company Prize.* Deibel's Ohio Probate Manual, awarded to the student of the graduating class having the second highest grade in the final examinations.

In June, 1933, this prize was awarded to  
CLARION G. MEDERT



## FEES AND EXPENSES

Tuition fee per year .....\$125.00  
 Diploma fee for Bachelor of Law ..... 10.00

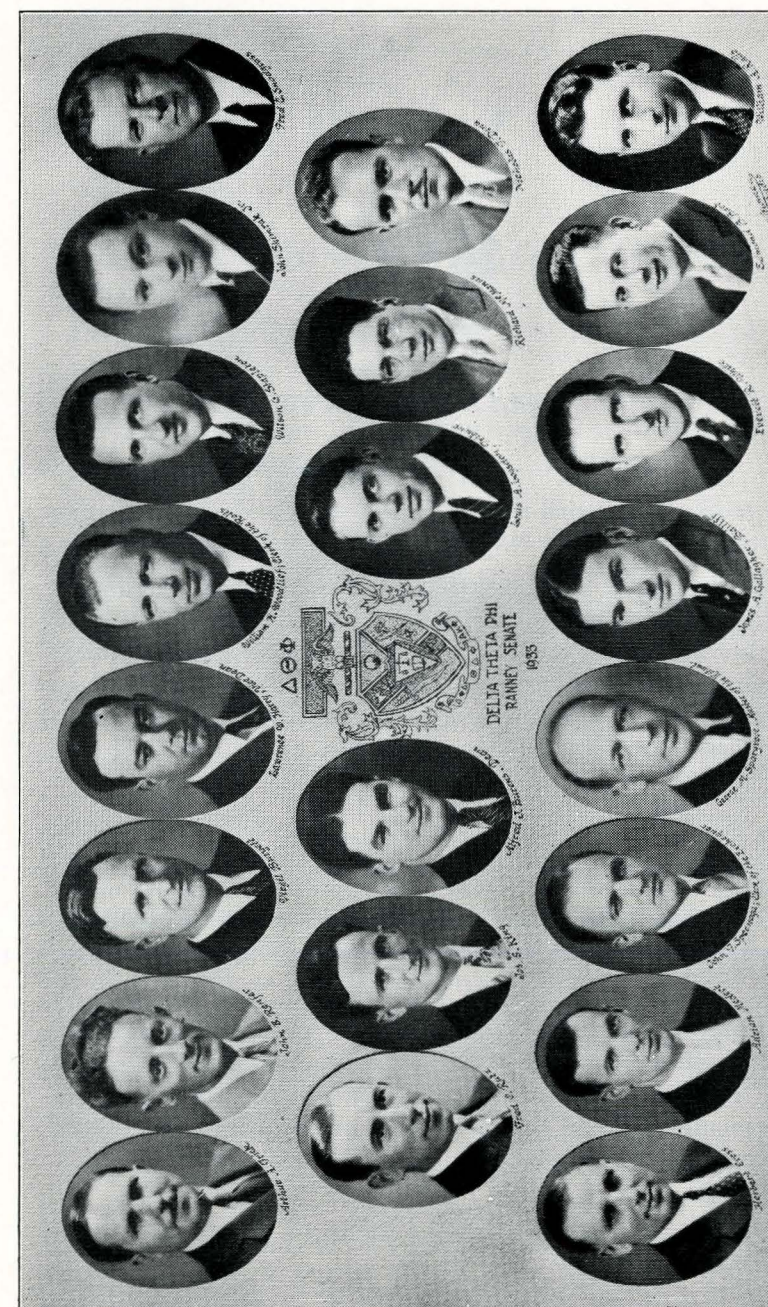
A discount of ten per cent. off the tuition price will be allowed to any student who pays his tuition in two cash payments of \$56.25 each at the beginning of each semester.

Terms may be arranged with the Secretary, whereby students may pay their tuition at the rate of \$15.00 per month, payable in advance on the 15th of each month, until the tuition for the semester is paid.

No payment will be refunded to students who are dismissed or suspended or who leave the school for any reason except in case of illness involving absence for more than half a semester, and then not more than half the proportionate charges for such period of absence will be refunded. Students who leave the school for any reason must give notice of such intention to the Secretary; otherwise they will be charged tuition for the full term.

No degrees are conferred upon students who have not paid their dues to the School.

For more detailed information call at the office of the Dean, 1336 Engineers' Building, or address Cleveland Law School, Cleveland, Ohio. Telephone: Main 2533.



RANNEY SENATE — DELTA THETA PHI LAW FRATERNITY



**Δ Θ Φ**



### **DELTA THETA PHI**

DELTA THETA PHI is a national legal fraternity organized to promote scholarship in the law, encourage good fellowship and foster a loyalty to the school.

Its attention to scholarship has stimulated in the undergraduate a keener interest in his work, with an aim toward a thorough understanding of legal principles and the ethical precepts underlying the law. Scholarship keys are awarded to the junior and senior members who attain honors among the highest percentage of their class enrollment.

DELTA THETA PHI, with its active and alumni senates, is established in every leading university and law school in the United States, and numbers among its members those who have achieved prominence in political, legal and judicial endeavors.

THE CLEVELAND LAW SCHOOL is represented by Ranney Senate, the founder senate of DELTA THETA PHI. The fraternity maintains a spacious suite of rooms in the Hotel Allerton, with all athletic facilities available to members and a complete legal library established there for the use of its members.

### **PHI DELTA DELTA**

The Vickery Club, composed of women students and graduates of Cleveland Law School, in the spring of 1929 petitioned Phi Delta Delta, Women's National Law Fraternity, for a charter. The charter was granted and on October 5, 1929, Alpha Nu chapter was installed.

The new chapter was sponsored by Miss Meta Peters and Miss Grace Doering, and it was through their efforts and the assistance of the other members of Pi Chapter of Phi Delta Delta, located at Western Reserve University, that organization was finally completed.

There were twenty-one charter members of Alpha Nu chapter and fourteen members have been initiated since, making a total membership of thirty-five at the present time.

Phi Delta Delta has fifty-five active chapters, with 1200 members, and was organized to promote a high standard of scholarship and professional ethics among women in law schools and in the legal profession.

The present officers of Alpha Nu Chapter at Cleveland Law School are as follows: Elizabeth Dunlap, President; Clarion Medert, Vice-President and Treasurer; Vivian Gallagher, Secretary; Ruth Dorsey, Chaplain; and Helen Garee, Chancellor.





GRADUATING CLASS OF 1933

## Register of Students

### CLASS OF 1933

Ashman, Raymond D.	Lakewood, O.
Balaska, Andrew Rev. A. B.	Lorain, O.
Baltrukonis, George L., Ph. B.	Lakewood, O.
Berk, David M., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Bernstein, Albert, A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Berry, Louis A., A. B.	Akron, O.
Bolasny, Bertha B.	Willoughby, O.
Brown, Wilbur J.	Cleveland, O.
<del>Bruck, Robert L.</del>	Akron, O.
<del>Cox, W. Herschel</del>	Akron, O.
Dunlap, Elizabeth G., B. S.	Shaker Hts., O.
Epstein, Norman	Lakewood, O.
Garee, Helen L.	Cleveland, O.
Gentsch, Frank M.	Cleveland, O.
Griffin, George E., B. S.	Cleveland, O.
<del>Harman, Allan M.</del>	Akron, O.
Harry, Laurence W.	Cleveland, O.
Kellogg, Windsor E., A. B., A. M.	Medina, O.
<del>King, Charles J.</del>	Akron, O.
Lavelle, John J., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Lehotsky, John	Cleveland, O.
<del>Lund, Charles K.</del>	Akron, O.
Lustig, Lloyd R.	Cleveland, O.
Lux, Hugo H.	Cleveland, O.
<del>McClelland, George G., A. B.</del>	Akron, O.
Marchand, Alvin R.	Cleveland, O.
Marton, Louis G., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Mayer, Donald J.	Cleveland, O.
Medert, Adrian	Lakewood, O.
Medert, Clarion, B. S.	Lakewood, O.
Mullinnix, Kathryn E., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Murphy, Thomas J.	Cleveland, O.
Petti, Mary M.	Cleveland, O.
Quarnstrom, Theodore V., B. S.	Cleveland Hts., O.
Rado, Jerome	Cleveland, O.
<del>Salter, Samuel L.</del>	Akron, O.
Seidman, Herbert L., A. B.	Shaker Hts., O.
Shimrock, John	Cleveland, O.
Smith, Harold C.	Cleveland, O.
Spargrove, George M., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Spero, Morris, Ph. C.	Cleveland, O.
Ublonsky, Morris	Cleveland, O.
Wahl, Stanley	Cleveland, O.
<del>Whitmore, Paul G.</del>	Akron, O.



# CLASS OF 1934

Bart, Edmond B., Ph. B.	Cleveland, O.
Brielmaier, Antoinette C., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Brown, William H., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Barsa, George J.	Cleveland, O.
Caplin, Samuel	Cleveland, O.
Chandler, Willis G.	Shaker Hts., O.
Cruit, Mary A., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Dilla, Gustav H.	Parma, O.
Eichhorn, Walter J.	Cleveland, O.
Fahey, Louis T.	Cleveland, O.
Fetterman, Harold B., B. S.	Lakewood, O.
Friedman, Irving R., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Gairing, Reynold	Cleveland, O.
Gallagher, James A., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Goldman, Louis E.	Cleveland, O.
Halter, Hilda V., A. B.	Lakewood, O.
Hoffmeister, Hans G., M. E.	South Euclid, O.
King, Howard D., B. S.	Cleveland, O.
King, Joe S., B. S.	Lorain, O.
Knapp, William H., A. B.	Lakewood, O.
Leitner, Nobert	Cleveland Hts., O.
Lemke, Lester C.	University Hts., O.
Logsdon, Louis A., A. B.	Willoughby O.
McManus, Richard J., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Nagy, William, B. S.	Cleveland, O.
Nash, Kenneth, B. S.	Cleveland Hts., O.
Nesbitt, Albert D.	E. Cleveland, O.
Osborne, Elmer M.	Lakewood, O.
Pace, F. W.	Cleveland, O.
Silverblatt, Francis L., B. S.	Cleveland, O.
Spernoga, John F., A. B.	Lakewood, O.
Stapleton, Wilson G., B. S.	Shaker Hts., O.
Stearns, Joseph	Cleveland, O.
Strasbourger, Julius C., E. E.	Euclid, O.
Swain, C. Garton, B. S.	Cleveland, O.
Traub, George S., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
White, Everett R.	
Wilcox, Hubbard C., A. B.	Elyria, O.
Williams, Paul S., A. B.	Lakewood, O.
Wood, Thomas A., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Yeagle, Anthony N., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Zoul, Frank A.	Garfield Hts., O.

# CLASS OF 1935

Bailey, Edward A., A. B., M. D.	Cleveland, O.
Bill, Charles I.	Cleveland, O.
Bolasny, Nelson S.	Willoughby, O.
Burgett, Virgil C.	Lorain, O.
Cahn, Sherman D.	Cleveland, O.
Cahn, Wilton H., B. S.	Cleveland, O.
Crofts, Elmer B., B. S.	Cleveland, O.
Dorsey, James H., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Frey, Rudolph	Cleveland, O.
Frost, Alfred A.	Cleveland, O.
Grant, Thomas J., A. B.	Lakewood, O.
Graver, Edwin H., B. S.	E. Cleveland, O.
Harr, Stanley H.	Cleveland, O.
Hayes, George F.	Cleveland, O.
Hladky, Frances M., Ph. G.	Cleveland, O.
Hoffman, Lester	Cleveland, O.
Kaufman, Alex	Cleveland Hts., O.
Klein, Walter	Cleveland, O.
Land, Jerome, A. B.	Cleveland, O.
McConoughey, William D., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Mintz, Carl A., B. S.	Cleveland, O.
Parent, Merlin C., A. B.	Lodi, O.
Quinn, John J., Ph. B.	
Ralls, William A.	Wooster, O.
Rebeta, Charles F.	Cleveland, O.
Renfer, John E.	Cleveland, O.
Roemer, Arthur S.	Cleveland, O.
Rogers, Gorge D., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Rutman, Eugene S.	Cleveland, O.
Sharwell, Edwyn	Cleveland, O.
Siegel, Arthur B.	Cleveland, O.
Snodgrass, Fred C., B. S.	Cleveland, O.
Thompson, Allen P., A. B.	E. Cleveland, O.
Tomka, Edward P.	Cleveland, O.
Waxman, Harry E.	Cleveland, O.
Weinberger, Henry E., B. S.	Cleveland, O.
Wilkinson, A. T., B. S.	Cleveland, O.
Woodall, Noel E.	Cleveland, O.
Woodlief, William H.	Cleveland, O.
Zabner, Jacob, P. C.	Cleveland, O.



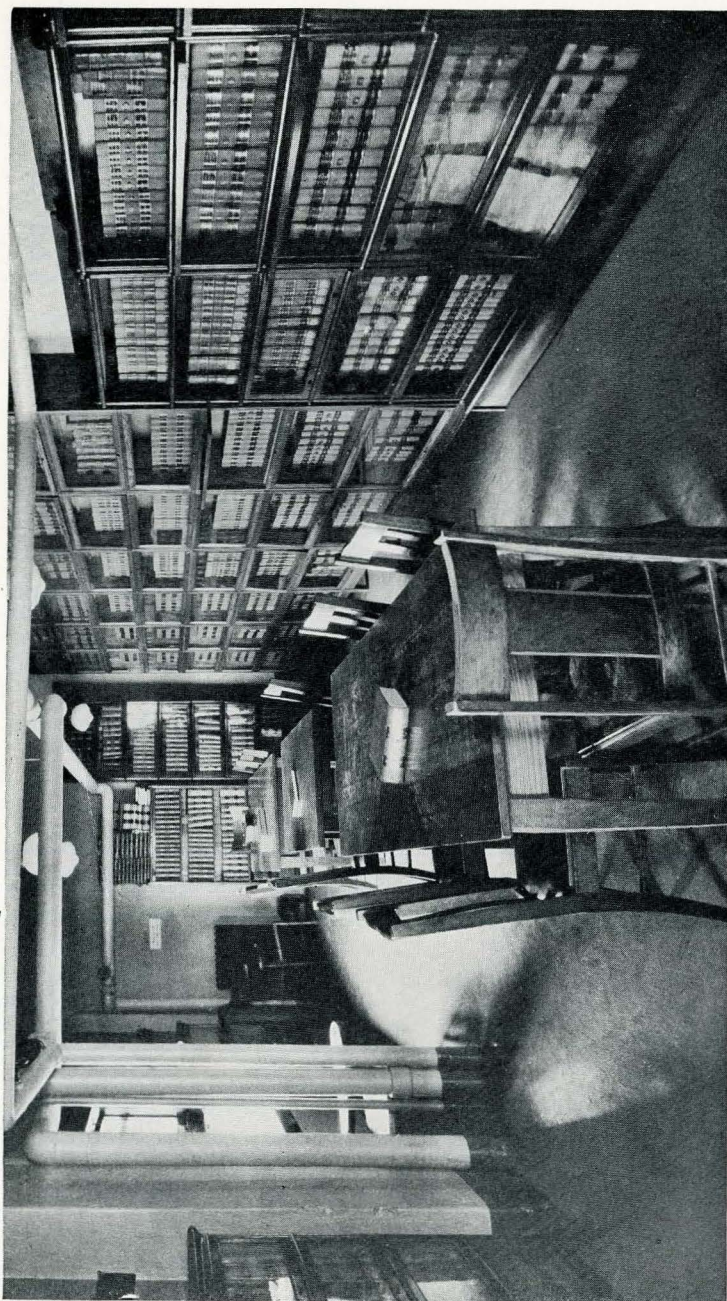
# CLASS OF 1936

Abbott, Gail T., A. B.	Medina, O.
Baesel, Ray C., A. B.	Berea, O.
Benjamin, Sanford H., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Beran, Edward J., Ph. B.	Cleveland, O.
Burke, Charles H., B. S.	Cleveland, O.
Cornish, Vernon T.	Cleveland, O.
Cowan, Leonard J., B. S.	Cleveland, O.
Cowan, Merrill I.	Cleveland, O.
Cross, Herbert B., B. C. S.	Cleveland, O.
Dinu, Nicholas T.	Cleveland, O.
Fitch, Louis H., B. S.	Berea, O.
Frick, Arthur A., B. S.	Cleveland, O.
Gallagher, Edith M.	Cleveland, O.
Glickman, Emanuel M.	Cleveland, O.
Goldberg, Morton E.	Cleveland, O.
Green, Laurence R.	Shaker Hts., O.
Grose, Kenneth R.	E. Cleveland, O.
Headley, Dana R., A. B.	Ashtabula, O.
Kaplan, Henry M.	Cleveland, O.
Karner, Myer L., B. S.	Cleveland, O.
Kaufman, Leo M.	Cleveland, O.
Kelly, Norbert	Cleveland, O.
King, Max R., A. B., A. M.	Lorain, O.
Levitt, Nathan	Painesville, O.
Lynch, Neil F.	Cleveland, O.
McCarthy, John P.	Cleveland, O.
McMahon, Thomas J., B. S.	Cleveland, O.
Male, George J., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Manak, James J.	Cleveland, O.
Marcus, Myron V., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Mayo, Edward L.	Cleveland, O.
Morgan, Carleton C.	Cleveland, O.
Morganstern, Clara	Cleveland, O.
Moss, Nelson N., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Murphy, Geraldine L., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Myers, Esther R.	Cleveland, O.
Neagoy, Daniel N.	Cleveland, O.
Olsen, Frank R.	Cleveland, O.
Orth, Richard, B. S.	Berea, O.
Palmer, Helen F.	Cleveland, O.
Peterjohn, Emerson J.	Cleveland, O.
Porter, Harold J.	Lakewood, O.
Remagen, Robert B.	Cleveland, O.
Rembrandt, Joseph	Cleveland, O.
Rinehart, Naomi L., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Rutz, Fred C., B. S.	E. Cleveland, O.

Shea, Mary R. D., A. B., A. M.	Cleveland, O.
Sherod, Richard M.	Cleveland, O.
Sherwin, Alex L.	Cleveland, O.
Smith, Hugh E., A. B.	Cleveland, O.
Sweeney, James	Cleveland, O.
Tangler, Louis T.	Cleveland, O.
Teschner, H. Rewa, Ph. B.	Cleveland Hts., O.
Toll, Mollie N.	Cleveland, O.
Whalen, Thomas	Cleveland, O.
Wiggins, Albert M., B. S.	Lakewood, O.

56





LIBRARY

## GENERAL INFORMATION

### RULE XIV

#### Admission to the Bar

*Section 1.* Except as provided in Section 1703 General Code, concerning persons who have been admitted and practiced in the highest court of another state, or in the Supreme Court of the United States, for a period of five years, no person shall be admitted to the bar except upon an examination and certificate of the Standing Committee on Examinations.

*Section 2.* There shall be appointed, to take effect on the first day of January, 1901, ten discreet and judicious attorneys and counselors-at-law to be known as the Standing Committee on Examinations. Two members of the committee shall be appointed for one year, two for two years, two for three years, two for four years, and two for five years. Their successors shall be appointed for a term of five years each.

*Section 3.* The Standing Committee shall hold examinations of applicants for admission to the Bar in the City of Columbus, Ohio, on the last Tuesday and Wednesday of June and the first Tuesday and Wednesday of December. No other examinations will be held. Examinations must be conducted under the direction of the Committee.

*Each examiner shall grade the papers of the applicants in the subjects in which he has submitted questions and forward his report to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, who shall cause the grades to be tabulated.*

*Section 3a.* No applicant shall be admitted unless he has sustained on his written answers to the questions of the examiners an average grade of 75 percent on an examination embracing the following subjects:—

The law of real and personal property, torts, contracts, evidence, pleading, partnership, bailments, negotiable instruments, agency, suretyship, domestic relations, wills, corporations, equity, criminal law, constitutional law, and the canons of professional ethics adopted by the Ohio State Bar Association, at its 30th annual meeting, 1909.

*Section 3b.* None but citizens of the United States will be admitted to the examination and every applicant must be twenty-one years of age. The printed interrogatories and the answers of applicants thereto shall be submitted to the Court, and, together with all certificates and papers required under this rule, shall be filed with the Clerk and preserved. (As amended Nov. 17, 1925.)

*Section 4.* REQUIREMENTS AS TO GENERAL LEARNING. *Each applicant for registration as a law student must present a certificate of general learning with his certificate that he has begun the study of law. Such certificate of general learning shall meet the following requirements:*

- A. *If filed between the 15th day of October, 1926, and the 15th day of October, 1927, it shall show that the applicant has successfully completed one year of study in an approved college, to be evidenced by the signature of the proper official thereof; or other educational equivalent to be determined in the manner provided by Paragraph "H" hereof.*
- B. *On and after October 15, 1927, it shall show that the applicant has successfully completed two years of study in an approved college, to be evidenced by the signature of the proper official thereof; or other educational equivalent to be determined in the manner provided by Paragraph "H" hereof.*
- C. *It shall further show—*
  - (1) *That the requirements for admission to the college issuing the same are at least 15 units of high school credits and that the applicant satisfied said requirements.*



(2) *The period of the applicant's attendance.*

(3) *The number of college credits received, which shall be not less than 30 semester hours, or 45 quarter hours, for each year of study in an approved college.*

- D. *Applicants who register or apply for examination under the provisions of sections 7 and 8 of this rule shall be required to file certificates of general learning as provided in paragraphs "A", "B" and "C" hereof, at the time of such registration or application.*
- E. *All credentials presented under this rule must be submitted to the Court and if the Court is satisfied that the applicant has the educational qualifications required he will be admitted to registration. All credentials presented shall be filed with the Clerk.*
- F. *The Clerk of this Court is authorized to accept certificates which clearly meet the requirements of this section.*
- G. *Diplomas should not be presented. Certificates which may be retained permanently are desired. They should be upon the official stationery of the college or university in which the applicant carried on the study required.*
- H. *Questions as to whether a particular college is an approved college within the meaning of this section, and questions as to the value to be given to credits presented from a college not approved, and questions relating to the sufficiency of the credits presented by an applicant, shall be referred to an examiner appointed by this Court, and his determination of such questions shall be final and shall be reported to this Court for record.*
- I. *Members of the Ohio Association of Colleges are "approved colleges."*
- J. *Certificates of general learning meeting the requirements of Section 4 as the same existed immediately prior to the adoption of this amendment will be accepted for registration until October 15, 1926.*
- K. *Applicants who registered prior to June 7, 1923, who have not yet filed certificates of general learning, may qualify in that respect by filing a certificate meeting the requirements of Section 4, as the same existed immediately prior to the adoption of this amendment. (As amended January 14, 1926.)*

Section 5. The Court will not receive applications for waiver of the requirements mentioned in Section 4.

Section 6. Every resident of the state who commences the study of law on and after June 7, 1923, either under the tuition of an attorney-at-law, or at a law school, whether located in this state or elsewhere, shall file with the Clerk of the Supreme Court his declaration of intention to commence the study of law preparatory to examination for admission to the bar together with the certificate of such attorney or of the chief officer of such law school, as the case may be, showing his name, age and residence, and the date when he commenced the study of law, which certificate shall be accompanied by a fee of one dollar. As to all such persons the period required for the study of law by the rules of this Court shall date from the filing of such declaration and certificate.

Before any such certificate and declaration shall be filed such person shall present to the Clerk of this Court satisfactory evidence of general educational attainments as required by section 4 of this rule. (As amended May 22, 1923).

Section 7. Every person who shall commence the study of law while a non-resident of this state, and who has not been regularly admitted as an attorney-at-law in some court of record within the United States, shall, on coming into this state to reside, file with the Clerk an affidavit showing that he has come into the state for the purpose of making it his permanent residence, and stating his name, age, present and former residence, and also

the certificate of his preceptor, or of the chief officer of his law school, showing the time when, and place or places where, and under whom, he has studied law; which papers shall be accompanied by a fee of one dollar and certificate of general learning as required by Section 4 of this rule.

The one year's residence in this state required of such persons by section 1701 General Code shall date from the filing of such papers. (As amended Feb. 25, 1925.)

Section 8. Every person entitled to be admitted to the examination under Section 1702, General Code, on the ground that he has been regularly admitted as an attorney and counselor at law in some court of record within the United States, shall, not less than ninety days before the time fixed for the examination, file with the Clerk the following credentials:

1. An affidavit showing that he is a resident of this state or that he has come into the state for the purpose of making it his permanent residence, and stating his name, age and former and present residence.

2. His certificate of admission to the bar.

3. The certificate of a judge of the court of record in which he has practiced law, showing the time such judge has personally known him, the period of time he has practiced law and his moral and professional standing at such bar.

4. Certificate of his preceptor or the law school which he attended showing the period of his study of law. (If the judge's certificate mentioned in No. 3 shows practice for three years or more this certificate is not required.)

5. Certificate of general learning as required by Section four of this rule.

Section 9. Repealed May 22nd, 1923.

Section 10. Except as provided in Section 8, concerning persons who have been admitted to the bar in some Court of record within the United States, every person who desires to have his name enrolled for examination must not less than ninety days before the time fixed for the examination, file with the Clerk his application, giving his name, age, residence and postoffice address, and with such application he shall present a certificate: (1) from a law school where instruction is given during the day time and in which the entire time of the student is devoted to study of legal subjects, whose standing is approved by the Court, certifying that the applicant has regularly and attentively studied in said law school for the period of three school years, or (2) from a law school where the entire time of the student is not devoted to the study of legal subjects, whose standing is approved by the Court, certifying that the applicant has regularly and attentively studied in said law school for the period of four school years, or (3) if the applicant has studied law under the tutorage of an attorney in active practice as the preceptor and instructor of such applicant for a period of four calendar years, and not less than two hundred hours per year of actual legal instruction, the facts with relation to such instruction and practice shall be set forth in such certificate and duly verified by the affidavit of such attorney, showing that during such period he has given actual instruction for the required number of hours in the subjects enumerated in Section 3a of this rule.\*

Provided, that students heretofore registered will be required to show compliance with this rule covering the period from and after January 15th, 1924; and in no case will the certificate of another attorney or counselor at law be received unless it be shown by the affidavit of the applicant that his preceptor is dead or that his certificate cannot for some reason satisfactory to the Court, be obtained, but in such case the certificate must show that the certifier has personal knowledge of the length of time the

\*The Court has ruled that no additional credit will be allowed to law school students for law study under attorneys between law school terms; nor is any additional credit allowed to such students for part time study in law offices during school terms.



applicant has been engaged in the study of law; also that the said certificate shall show the name and postoffice address of the applicant's preceptor. Each applicant for admission to such examination shall be required to state in an affidavit filed by him on his application for admission to such examination, that he is a citizen of the United States and that he has resided in the State of Ohio for the year last past, and that he has read the Canons of Professional Ethics, adopted by the Ohio State Bar Association July 7, 1909, and has faithfully endeavored to make himself acquainted with the same, and that he will endeavor to conform his professional conduct thereto. (As amended Jan. 15, 1924, and Feb. 25, 1925.)†

**Section 11.** No certificate, affidavit or other paper produced in conformity with this rule shall be deemed conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated, and in all cases the court must be satisfied of the truth thereof before the applicant shall be admitted to examination.

**Section 12.** Each application for admission to an examination must be accompanied by an examination fee of \$15.00, which will be returned to the applicant if his name is not placed on the examination roll. If his name is placed on the examination roll, and he fails to receive a certificate of qualification, an additional examination fee of \$10.00 must accompany each subsequent application. If the applicant, on examination, shall be rejected, he may be admitted to the next examination upon filing a certificate from a law school or an attorney, as required by Section 10 of this rule, that he has studied law for the period of six months subsequent to the date of his former examination; but no one shall be admitted to more than five examinations. (As amended Jan. 20, 1925.)

**Section 13.** After the expiration of the thirtieth day before the examination the court will examine the papers filed by the applicant, and cause him to be notified whether he will be admitted to the examination unconditionally, or subject to the production of a supplemental certificate of additional study, when that may be necessary, and if so admitted, will cause his name to be placed on the examination roll which will be delivered to the Standing Committee.

**Section 14.** The Standing Committee may, subject to the approval of the court, make rules not inconsistent herewith, for the conduct of the examinations, which, together with this rule, shall be published in pamphlet form for distribution by the Standing Committee.

**Section 15.** The applicant upon receiving the oath of office, shall sign a roll showing the date of his admission and the place of his residence. The oath administered shall be as follows:

**I DO SOLEMNLY SWEAR:**

I will support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Ohio;

I will maintain the respect due to courts of justice and judicial officers;

I will not counsel or maintain any suit or proceeding which shall appear to me to be unjust, nor any defense except such as I believe to be honestly debatable under the law of the land;

I will employ for the purpose of maintaining the causes confided to me such means only as are consistent with truth and honor, and will never seek to mislead the judge or jury by any artifice or false statement of fact or law;

I will maintain the confidence and preserve inviolate the secrets of my client, and will accept no compensation in connection with his business except from him or with his knowledge and approval;

†Note:—Any student may obtain a copy of the American Bar Association publication containing above named Canons of Professional Ethics by application to the Clerk of the Supreme Court. Blank application for admission to the examination should also be obtained from the Clerk.

I will abstain from all offensive personality, and advance no fact prejudicial to the honor or reputation of a party or witness, unless required by the justice of the cause with which I am charged;

I will never reject, from any consideration personal to myself, the cause of the defenseless or oppressed, or delay any man's cause for lucre or malice. SO HELP ME GOD.

**Section 16.** Refers to keeping records, etc.

**Section 17.** The following form must be used for the certificate by preceptor, mentioned in Section 10-12 of this rule.

*To the Supreme Court of Ohio:*

*I Hereby Certify, That I am an attorney engaged in active practice of law, and that I have acted as the preceptor and instructor of* \_\_\_\_\_ *an applicant for admission to the bar examination for the period of* \_\_\_\_\_ *calendar years, and* \_\_\_\_\_ *months, from* \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_ *to* \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_. *I further certify that said applicant is a citizen of the United States and of the State of Ohio; that he has resided in said state for one year last past; that he is over 21 years of age, of good moral character; that he has regularly and attentively studied law under my tutorage for the entire period of time above named and that during said period I gave to said applicant not less than two hundred hours per year of actual legal instruction; I further certify that said applicant has satisfactorily completed a course of study in all the subjects enumerated in Section 3a of Rule XIV; that I believe him to be a person of sufficient legal knowledge and ability to discharge the duties of an Attorney and Counselor-at-law, and would therefore recommend his admission to the bar.*

\_\_\_\_\_  
Attorney-at-Law.

Dated at \_\_\_\_\_,

\_\_\_\_\_ A. D. 19\_\_\_\_

State of Ohio, \_\_\_\_\_ County, ss:

\_\_\_\_\_, being duly sworn, says that he is the attorney who signed the foregoing certificate, and that the facts therein stated are true, as he verily believes.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this \_\_\_\_\_ day of

\_\_\_\_\_ A. D. 19\_\_\_\_

(Seal)

\_\_\_\_\_  
Notary Public, \_\_\_\_\_ County, Ohio.

Note:—Blank forms for certificate and application should be obtained from the Clerk. The above section as amended, was adopted Jan. 15, 1924, and such certificate must be used for certifying any law study after that date.

**Section 18.** Repealed.

**Section 19.** Certificates of study given by schools known as correspondence law schools, or by lawyers without the state, certifying that the applicant has studied under their supervision within the state of Ohio, do not satisfy the Ohio statute and the rules respecting study ordered by the Supreme Court of Ohio, and such certificates will not be filed or in any way recognized.

#### **Admission Without Examination**

**Section 20.** An applicant for admission to the bar of Ohio without examination, under Section 1703, General Code, must file with the Clerk the following credentials:

1. Certificate of admission as an attorney and counselor-at-law in the highest court of another state after two year's study of the law, and upon



a regular examination, which study and examination must be shown either by a certificate of the facts or by a requirement thereof in the statute of such state.

2. Certificate from the Judge of the Court of Record in which the applicant practiced, that he is of good moral character and that he has been an active practitioner in good and regular standing, in the courts of such state or in the Supreme Court of the United States for a period of not less than five years immediately preceding his removal to the State of Ohio. This certificate must be authenticated by the Clerk of Courts under seal.

3. Certificate of good moral character, and recommendation from some attorney-at-law of this state, that the applicant be admitted to the bar of Ohio.

4. The affidavit of the applicant that he is a resident of this state, or has come into the state for the purpose of making it his permanent residence.

A fee of \$16.00 must accompany the application.

#### **Rule Relating to Foreign Attorneys**

*Section 21.* Attorneys-at-law residing without the state of Ohio, not members of the bar of this state, who have been retained in any case assigned for oral argument, may be heard therein upon being presented to the Court by a member of the Bar of Ohio.

Columbus, Ohio

SEBA H. MILLER,

Jan. 14, 1926.

Clerk of Supreme Court



