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Oleck to Resign

By James G. Joseph

Distinguished Professor Howard L. Oleck has announced his resignation from the Cleveland State University College of Law to become effective in June, 1974. He is leaving the law college after 17 years to join the faculty of Wake Forest Law School in Winston-Salem, North Carolina where he will teach Corporations and Torts. Prof. Oleck brought to Cleveland- Marshall Law School the positions of Professor, Assistant Dean, Associate Dean and Dean. He was the single most important influence in the development of the Cleveland State Law Review, holding the law school faculty adviser from 1956 until 1972.

After his graduation from New York Law School in 1938, Prof. Oleck practised law in New York City and Great Neck, New York. His legal career was interrupted in 1942 when he entered the U.S. Army. During World War II he served in Europe from 1942 until 1946 when he left the Army as a Captain. From 1946 he was for Private to Major and was decorated with U.S. and foreign medals.

A nationally known writer, Prof. Oleck has authored 32 books, about 300, articles and more than 700 law columns for the Cleveland Plain Dealer. (Complete bibliography available at the Gavel office.) Although his works are too numerous to mention, some of his more notable legal publications include: Creditor's Rights, 1948; Damages To Persons And Property, 1955; Non-Profit Corporations and Associations, 1955; Modern Corporation Law, 1960; Cases on Damages, 1962; Law for Everyone, 1971; Primer on Legal Writing, 1972.

Being a versatile writer, Prof. Oleck has also authored such non-legal publications as Heroic Czechoslovakia and The University of Wisconsin.

Moot Court Spring Competition

Carl F. Noll

Do you think that all of your learning should take place in a classroom? If so, you are probably in the minority. Mr. Greenwood, the office student can have no meaningful effect on the image of this law school? Do you believe that a true dedicated law student has no time for outside activities? If you do, don't waste your time. Failing the rest of this, I believe you, you will be interested.

However, if you would answer "no" to the above questions, and if you are interested in the future of this law school, read on! The Moot Court Team is offering you an opportunity that you should find interesting as well as rewarding.

The present members of the Moot Court Board have a goal - to build a More is true than ever. We have consistently produce winning teams in the National Moot Court Competition. The fastest way to gain favorable recognition for our law school and its students must age and are willing to work toward this goal, we need you! We need you because we realize that there are many very skillful advocates in this school who are not presently a part of the Moot Court program; and if we could achieve the best advocates our school can provide. Therefore, we have decided to open the spring intrascholastic competition to all 2nd year day and 2nd and 3rd year evening students. To get involved with the intrascholastic competitions (about 12 students) be adopted to the legal community and the public at large by now. She is the attorney of record in the case of Doe v. Bolton, attacking the constitutionality of the Georgia statute dealing with the right to abortion.

She has expressed interests in teaching civil procedure, contracts, clinical education and juvenile law.

CORRECTION

In the February 14, 1973 edition of The Gavel (Vol. 21 No. 7), the article Action Against Strongsville Board of Education contained the statement that Arthur Cain, a member of the Strongsville High School Board member, was a chairman of the American Independent Party and member of the John Birch Society. Although Mr. Cain is a chairman of the American Independent Party, he has never been a member of the John Birch Society. As the author and The Gavel editor, I wish to apologize to Mr. Cain.

L. Anderson
LEGAL SERVICES UNDER ATTACK

by Terry Gilbert

Even since the Legal Service programs came into being in the mid-1960's with the advent of the anti-poverty program, it has faced a constant and often bitter struggle. The fight for its existence is far greater than ever before, and if serious steps are not taken to maintain its status, the future of this vital service to the poor becomes uncertain.

In addition to the budgetary problems, the Nixon administration is attacking legal services in the September issue of the ABA journal. In a speech denouncing "ideological aggressiveness", Phillips launched an attack on the legal aid movement which seeks to provide not only competent representation and access to the courts, but also seeks to root out those programs and at least eliminate them.

To respond to the present crisis, efforts are being made by liberal congresspersons to hold numerous hearings. Phillips and others are contending with adverse reaction and press. In addition, a number of lawsuits are being taken by the new Acting Director of the Nixon Administration which it is hoped will prevent the funding of the Legal Services Corporation.

The Ohio Plan has been replaced by the new acting Director of OEO, Howard Phillips, a former lawyer for the religious group for Freedom (YAF) and one of the most reactionary of the Nixon people. Phillips has begun a series of steps relating to grant proposals. The Nixon Administration has consistently indicated that it will introduce a bill creating an independent corporation to run legal services programs. This bill would place the board with the president, and thus reduce the role of legal services as an independent voice.

The efforts to stop legal services are an integral part of the Nixon administration to control over legal services necessarily includes a struggle for control of the courts.

Attacks on legal services are not new. However, the intensity has increased substantially within the last 6 months. Phillips took quick action against legal services programs, particularly those focusing on prison reform efforts of legal services attorneys, particularly those focusing on legislative activity and representation. Phillips has begun a series of steps relating to grant proposals. The Nixon Administration has consistently indicated that it will introduce a bill creating an independent corporation to run legal services programs. This bill would place the board with the president, and thus reduce the role of legal services as an independent voice.

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The forthcoming winter issue of CSU Law Review presents a radical change in form and content from the past few years of the publication. There are no student articles in this issue. Short, concise articles, which had been more in number, are fewer in number. And the subject matter itself, areas covered do not really fit into the old tradition of offering the most useful legal information to the Ohio practitioner. Rather, the symposium topic for the issue is Kent State: Legal Aspects of the Kent State Tragedy, and the cover on this winter issue of CSU Law Review is unfamiliar.

The background-black plain border has been discarded for an artist's interpretation of Lady Justice.

The young man to be held responsible for creating a new and promising reputation for a "practitioner's law review" for designating the "Kent State Tragedy" symposium topic, the grandiose present reputation and alienating a sizeable readership of practitioners is that of the renowned Chief, Peter Zawaly. Early last year Peter met with opposition from the Law Review Board, and advisors, when he put in his bid for the Kent State tragedy as his symposium topic. His proposal was rejected in the formal appearance of his proposal, with predictions that they would never be accomplished and if they were, quick changes would destroy the CSU Law Review.

To everyone's surprise, including his own, Zawaly has put together an Municjpal Court and integrated work for domestic and international work for domestic and international work. The forthcoming winter issue of the "new law review," will be published in length and development but will demand a new preparatory course for the second quarter juniors may also qualify as Interns to practice in court extraor dinary scope for this Quaker organization which has been concerned in outside employment during the period of clinical participation. During the second clinical quarter, full-time outside employment will be impossible, and Clinical Practice will be permitted only in exceptional cases.

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SBA SLOW TO OPOSE OHIO PLAN

by Paul Hudson

Ordinarily the antics of the Student Bar Association need not be of great concern to most law students. Oh, of course there are various issues which affect the internal workings of the Law School and may be of some interest to a few law students, but, by and large, students may go about their daily business of getting a legal education without the activities of the SBA affecting them in any significantly.

By an extraordinary turn of events, however, all law students are faced with a triple threat to their future legal educations in 1973.

First, law students face the almost certain probability of drastic reduction in all forms of financial aid (scholarships, loans, work study) due to cut-backs by the federal and state governments.

Second, Governor Gilligan has proposed to the Ohio Legislature a budget for higher education calling for an effective reduction in funds to state institutions coupled with a tuition increase and a "moratorium" on all new construction. If enacted, this budget could cause a 20 to 30 per cent increase in a law student's tuition and fees. It would also mean a freeze on faculty salaries for at least two years and probably an indefinite postponement in construction of a new Law School building.

Third, the Governor has announced that, beginning in the fall of 1973, he wants all Law students to pledge repayment of the state "subsidy" to the tune of $2,100 per year of legal education, in addition to tuition increase and a "moratorium" on all new construction. If enacted, this plan would skyrocket the cost of a legal education by well over 300 per cent in one year's time.

Students might wonder how the SBA, under the leadership of President Stephen Walker, has apparently decided the matter is of little concern to students and does not wish to take a stand on these issues, nor lend its support to student organizations at C.S.U. and other state universities engaged in active opposition to the Governor's proposals.

President Walker recently refused to attend a meeting at Cleveland State called by State Representative Patrick Sweeney and attended by the student body presidents of CSU, Kent State and Ohio U., to discuss the consequences of the Governor's proposals for the state universities in this area and to seek student support. When a Cleveland Press reporter sought to interview President Walker concerning law student opinion of the Ohio Plan for a feature story in the Press, he was abruptly informed by Mr. Walker that since reporters always "distort the truth and misquote people" he would not comment on law student opinion and, did not wish to be quoted on the matter. Apparently, Mr. Walker was too preoccupied writing sophomoric diatribes against the Dean to heed an urgent call by the Ohio Confederation of Student Governments, the American Association of University Professors, and the Ohio Education Association for all student government presidents to attend a conference in Columbus on February 3 and 4. The purpose of the conference was for student leaders to learn the details of the Governor's proposals and plan various forms of student action.

AKRON BAR SCHOLARSHIPS

The Akron Bar Association is happy to advise that scholarship funds have been established for the purpose of providing funds to law school students from Summit County in need of financial assistance to continue their education.

Scholarships available for the 1973-74 school year are as follows: Grant Memorial Scholarship - $300 - available to second year law students, Cunningham Scholarship - one or more totaling $500; Schwab Scholarship - one or more totaling $500, Foundation Scholarship equaling $500.

Applicants must be in the upper half of their class and are required to indicate a need by completing a financial assistance application. The amount of such awards may be directed to the recipient with a required accounting of what they were expended for, or they may be directed to the Dean of the school as a voucher.

The Akron Bar Association Foundation will meet in late August to consider the recommendations of the Scholarship Committee on recipients for these scholarships.

All interested students are urged to write promptly, but in no event later than May 1, 1973, to the Akron Bar Association, 407 Ohio Building, Akron Ohio 44308, for application forms and further information.